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Established 1887

Egypt Discloses Peace Demands to UN Council

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., Jan. 20 (UPI)—Egypt made public minimum demands for Middle East peace today and urged Security Council to take "adequate measures" to help UN...



FLYING BUS STOP—South Vietnamese helicopters land on Cambodia's Highway 4 to pick up troops there for a major operation aimed at retaking Pich Nil Pass, clearing the strategic highway and opening up the supply route to Phnom Penh.

To Support Vietnamization Laird Sets No Limits On Indochina Air Aid

By George C. Wilson WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (WP)—The United States "will use air power" on a wide-open basis in Cambodia and elsewhere in Indochina to safeguard its "Vietnamization" program, Defense Secretary Melvin R. Laird said today.

into semantics by defining such terms as interdiction and logistics support, Mr. Laird said: "We will use air power and as long as I am serving in this job I will recommend that we use air power to supplement the South Vietnamese forces in the air campaign in South Vietnam, Laos and Cambodia."

Helped by U.S. Copters

Saigon Troops Battle On 2 Cambodia Fronts

SAIGON, Jan. 20 (UPI)—The South Vietnamese command reported heavy fighting on two fronts in Cambodia today as its troops mounted a massive new campaign against a Communist border sanctuary and a drive against a mountain pass on Cambodia's Highway 4.

Long Postal Strike Looms in Britain, But Telephones Are Still Working

By Anthony Lewis

LONDON, Jan. 20 (NYT)—Britain's first national Post Office strike shut off all mail service today, but telephones worked reasonably well.

of 15 percent. But the Post Office says the increases would amount to 19.5 percent overall. The workers had a 12 percent raise a year ago.

servants, hoping thereby to break the back of wage inflation. Mr. Jackson, showing resentment that his men and women should be bearing the brunt of the government's anti-inflation policy, said tonight that the strike would grow more bitter as it went on.

Polish Labor, Officials Meet; Transport Unrest Reported

WARSAW, Jan. 20 (UPI)—Management officials of the public transport system in the Gdansk area said they had new meetings with workers' representatives today, but they denied that services were disrupted again.

The management official said consideration was being given to the demands. Party sources in Gdansk said there had been meetings which, they said, did not disturb either the transport services or work in the shipyards.

The strike brought out all kinds of private postal ventures—the union called their pirates. Some won official authority from the Post Office to try their schemes.

Not Explained

U.S. Paper Reports Iraq Pulls Troops Out of Jordan

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (UPI)—Iraq is withdrawing an estimated 36,000 troops from Jordan, the semi-official Egyptian newspaper Al-Sabeah said today in a dispatch.

U.S. Seeks Own Oil Deal, Shuns Bloc

By Anatole Shub WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (UPI)—The government made plain today it will not be bound, in present negotiations with Algeria, by the international settlement at Tehran between oil-consuming nations and producer countries.

U.S. Seeks to Return Jordan Today

AMMAN, Jan. 20 (Reuters)—The U.S. is to return to Jordan today a seven-member, Jordanian Emergency Committee, which was sent to Britain for a checkup at a London clinic during 15 days, he was also successfully for an irregular return to Jordan Dec. 1 for a tour in Jordan to discuss the East situation.

Independent of Big Western Firms

France Seeks Own Oil Deal, Shuns Bloc

By Anatole Shub WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (UPI)—The government made plain today it will not be bound, in present negotiations with Algeria, by the international settlement at Tehran between oil-consuming nations and producer countries.

U.S. Asks U.K. for Asylum

CHESTER, England, Jan. 20 (UPI)—A Russian interpreter, Maria Vorobok, 22, quit a Soviet youth delegation visiting Manchester from Leningrad and asked permission to stay in Britain, police said today.

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Telegrams Suspended

Telegram service was suspended today because of the strike, and Post Office cables were off. Those telex lines working through automatic exchanges still operated, but overloading—and what may have been mechanical breakdowns—interrupted service.

Cambridge Air Action

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In State of Union Address Nixon Says He Will Propose 'Boldest' Domestic Program

By Carroll Kilpatrick

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (WP)—President Nixon promised today that his State of the Union message Friday night will propose "by far the most comprehensive, the most far-reaching, the most bold program in the domestic field ever presented to an American Congress."

Greater Detail

After newsmen were ushered out, the President went into greater detail with the staff, and Mr. Ziegler later gave a summary report on what he said.



KEEPING POSTED—Tom Jackson (right), general secretary of Britain's striking Postal Workers' Union, conferring yesterday with Victor Feather (center), general secretary of the Trades Union Congress, and Sidney Green, assistant chairman of TUC.



# Guerrillas Reportedly Accept No-War Solution; They Deny It

CAIRO, Jan. 20 (UPI). — The semi-official newspaper Al-Ahram said today that the Palestinian guerrilla movement has decided to support efforts for a peaceful solution to the Middle East crisis.

# Egypt Tells Its Conditions For Peace

(Continued from Page 1) nized boundaries free from threats or acts of force.

"A. The establishment of a UN peacekeeping force in which the four permanent members of the Security Council would participate.

"B. The establishment of demilitarized zones outside the borders.

"C. The establishment of a UN peacekeeping force in which the four permanent members of the Security Council would participate.

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"T. The establishment of demilitarized zones outside the borders.

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# Oil 'Rebels' Block 15-Firm Global Pact

## Accord With Persian Gulf States Possible

By Jonathan C. Randal

TEHRAN, Jan. 20 (WP). — Fifteen major Western companies face the agonizing decision of dropping recent demands for a global agreement with ten oil-producing states in favor of seeking a long-term accord with Persian Gulf exporters alone.

Negotiations between Iran, Iraq and Saudi Arabia—representing the Persian Gulf producers—and the companies resumed yesterday and were then recessed to allow the newly formed united front of oil firms to make its decision.

At stake were opposing doctrines of the oil companies and the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), whose production accounts for 65 percent of the underdeveloped world's oil exports.

However, diplomatic sources suggested that the companies would be well advised to sacrifice their principles in return for rallying the mainly moderate Persian Gulf producers to a five-year agreement which would isolate the radical oil fields of Algeria and, especially, Libya.

Algeria and Libya, the latter having played a key role in extracting ever larger revenues from the companies for all producers in the past year and set the background for the present crisis, have rejected the companies' proffered five-year price hike pact in any case.

They are holding out for U.S. domestic oil prices to rise to \$10 a barrel, a goal that would mean a 50 percent increase in the price of oil.

George Perry, vice-president of Standard Oil of New Jersey, said he was not sure whether to accept OPEC's demands for a regional Persian Gulf settlement. Unless the companies capitulate, a tripartite committee from the Gulf producer countries threatened to call an extraordinary conference of all OPEC members.

Iranian View  
Iranian desires to avoid the special conference reflected fears that pushing a moderate line within OPEC would embarras him.

Southward, for 60 miles along the coast, oil was reported seeping into previously sparsely settled areas and threatening seabird nesting grounds.

Thousands of Volunteers  
Thousands of volunteers—so many that they had to be "pushed out the door"—at some bird rescue stations—battled the gooey oil on the coast and inside the bay to rescue floundering, black-coated birds and clean their feathers.

The California Fish and Game Commission said about 650 to 700 birds, cleaned of oil, had been delivered to a special refuge set up north of San Francisco.

Fish and game officials pointed out that the birds would have to be kept in captivity until next September, until they replace the natural "waterproofing" oils washed out in the cleaning process.

In San Francisco, the Coast Guard opened a hearing into the accident, which immediately bogged down over testimony by Sierra Club cross-examine witnesses.

Million-Dollar Fine  
Standard Oil faced more than a million dollars in fines and penalties and was the target of vandals' throw of oil and dead birds in a reflecting pool outside its San Francisco headquarters.

MUMICH, Jan. 20 (UPI). — Three Hungarian men were sentenced to 1 1/2 years each in jail today for hijacking a Romanian airliner to West Germany.

A Munich criminal court freed the wife of one of the hijackers, however.

The four had been charged with 14 individual counts of deprivation of liberty, one for each of the passengers and crew aboard the Taron Airlines plane diverted to Munich last Sept. 14.

The sentences were identical to those handed down in Nuremberg last year on three Czechs who forced a Czechoslovak airliner to land there.

Mystère-4 Explodes  
TULLE, France, Jan. 20 (AP). — A French Air Force Mystère-4 jet fighter-trainer exploded in flight today, jettisoned its wings and crashed at the village of Segreuil-Chateau in central France. The pilot was killed.

Angry Taxi Pack Chases Sports Car; It Plunges Into Main River; 3 Die  
FRANKFURT, Jan. 20 (Reuters). — Two women and a man were drowned when a sports car plunged into the Main River here early today, after being chased through the city by a pack of angry taxi drivers, police reported.

The driver of the sports car managed to escape from the car and swim to the riverbank. Police said the sports car had cut sharply in front of a taxi driver and forced the sports car to stop but then was beaten up.



CONSERVATION DUTY—Teen-age volunteers (left) help push straw dikes, an oil-soaked beach in the San Francisco Bay area to fight the pollution threat resulting from the spillage of 500,000 gallons of fuel oil following a tanker collision. Other youths try to save water fowl by cleaning off their deady coats of oil.

# Thousands Help Oily Birds In San Francisco's Big Slick

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 20 (UPI). — Armies of volunteers battled today to save the last Pacific Coast nesting colony of great blue herons and white greys from a huge oil slick spreading out of San Francisco Bay.

The thick black oil from the Standard Oil of California tanker Oregon Standard breached a hastily assembled barrier of floating telephone poles and burlap bags at Bolinas Lagoon early today.

The lagoon provides feeding grounds for the nearby heron and egret nesting grounds.

To the north, oil blackened the coastal rocks at the southern tip of the Point Reyes National Seashore Park, and "automobile-sized" slicks were reported floating north just off the 35-mile stretch of gleaming sand and cliffs set aside as permanent wilderness.

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The driver of the sports car managed to escape from the car and swim to the riverbank. Police said the sports car had cut sharply in front of a taxi driver and forced the sports car to stop but then was beaten up.

He added that his story to some colleagues who eventually tracked down the sports car. A wild chase ensued which ended when the sports car was forced down to the river area and off the bank to fly over a moored barge and crash eight yards out in the river.

# U.S. Reported Backing Thai Drive in Laos

By Michael Keller

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (WP). — Thailand is sending several battalions of special guerrilla troops into southern Laos for the first time as part of a U.S.-backed plan to harass expanding Communist supply lines, congressional sources say.

Defense and State Department officials, asked about such moves, say they can neither confirm nor deny them.

The reports have also come to the attention of Sen. Walter Mondale, D. Minn., and aides to the senator say an inquiry to President Nixon on the situation will be forthcoming tonight.

According to Capitol Hill sources, the plan to use the Thais was hatched this fall by the Washington Special Action Group, a small, top-level collection of State, Defense and White House officials.

Behind the plan, sources say, was a three-pronged scheme to impede the flow of North Vietnamese war materials moving through Laos and into Communist base camps in southern Laos and Cambodia without using U.S. ground troops, which Congress has barred from Laos.

The Thai force, said to number more than 1,000 men, has allegedly moved across the border and into the Bolovens Plateau area of Laos in recent weeks.

The Thais reportedly are being used to bolster a 3,000-5,000 man anti-Communist guerrilla force which has been operating in the same area since last summer as part of an earlier U.S.-backed effort.

U.S. air support is being provided to the combined Thai-Laotian force.

The two other parts of the plan allegedly included moving some Cambodian troops into the northern borders of their country to attack supply lines in that area.

The Frenchman Sentenced for NATO Spying  
PARIS, Jan. 20 (Reuters). — A 41-year-old Frenchman who worked in the secret-document section at NATO headquarters in Brussels was sentenced to 20 years' imprisonment today for spying.

Francis Roussille, father of a girl, was sentenced by the French State Security Court here after admitting he passed confidential documents to Romanian agents.

Mr. Roussille had access to documents ranging in classification from confidential to top secret.

The former North Atlantic Treaty Organization archivist was arrested in Brussels in August, 1959, and expelled from Belgium so that he could face trial in France, which is no longer a member of NATO's military setup.

The NATO court judge said Roussille passed 12,000 pages of documents to Romanian agents from 1963 to 1969. He was paid 100,000 francs (\$19,000) in gold.

The Frenchman betrayed NATO not for the sake of ideology but for money, the judge declared.

Roussille told the court that his relations with Romanian agents began in 1962 after he had made a reputation at NATO for supplying his colleagues with false gas.

A man named Carman, who styled himself a foreign agent, started buying from him and later, after striking up a deal, began asking him for NATO documents on foodstuffs, Roussille recounted.

# U.S. to Allow Soviet Spy to Return Home

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (AP). — The U.S. government has agreed to allow a convicted Soviet spy, currently out on bail in the United States, to return to the Soviet Union for humanitarian and other reasons, the State Department announced today.

Attorney General John N. Mitchell agreed to let Igor A. Ivanov, now residing in a Soviet guest home at New York under \$100,000 bail—return home until his legal appeals in U.S. courts have been exhausted.

Ivanov was arrested by the FBI in October of 1963 along with John W. Butenko, an engineer employed by a New Jersey electronics firm.

At that time, Ivanov was employed as a chauffeur for Russia's Ambassador trading corporation.

Charged with conspiracy to commit espionage and acting as agents of a foreign government without prior notification to the secretary of state, Ivanov and Butenko were found guilty in December, 1964.

Ivanov received a 20-year sentence and Butenko a 30-year sentence.

State Department press officer Robert J. McCloskey said that Ivanov's father reportedly is ill and the Soviet government had asked permission for Ivanov's return on a number of occasions over past years.

"There was no deal involved" for reciprocal return of an American from the Soviet Union to the United States, Mr. McCloskey said. He also stated that he knew of no precedent for the action in Ivanov's case.

# West Berliner Gets 10 Months as Spy Link

BERLIN, Jan. 20 (UPI). — A West Berlin court today sentenced a 27-year-old West Berlin man to ten months in jail and three years probation for spying on the U.S. military government in the divided city.

Detlef Winkler, an employee of the military government's telephone exchange, was charged with handing over to East German secret police addresses and telephone numbers of Americans living in West Berlin.

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"What we have done here does remove an irritant in U.S.-Soviet relations," he said. He declined to spell out what he had termed the other reasons for the U.S. decision.

# McGovern Says Air Activity Violates Cooper Resolution

By R. W. Apple Jr.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (NYT). — Sen. George S. McGovern charged yesterday that President Nixon had violated "the spirit and letter" of the Cooper-Church Resolution by authorizing intensive American air activity over Cambodia.

The South Dakota Democrat, who on Monday became the first senator to announce his intention to run for the United States in "following the same path in Cambodia—step-by-step involvement—that we followed in Vietnam."

Speaking at a news conference, he asserted that the Nixon administration "may well be setting the stage for expanding the conflict in Cambodia to all Southeast Asia."

He also complained about raids on prisoner-of-war camps, arguing that the course we are following will not only keep our prisoners in prison but endanger the life of every American in Vietnam.

In a discussion of his presidential campaign, he said that he would enter 1972 primaries in all parts of the country—including the one in New Hampshire, which he said he expected Sen. Edmund S. Muskie of Maine to win.

He asserted, however, that he did not expect the Democratic presidential picture to change until after the fourth primary. By that point, he said, he would have had time to make his case.

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# Probers See Man in Photo In Cambodia

SAIGON, Jan. 20 (AP). — The American in the photo was uniformed and photographed Highway-4 near Ta Nien in Cambodia.

The U.S. Command here launched an investigation to find out who he is and what he is doing there last week of the year.

Whoever he was, Saigon say, he shouldn't have been there.

Congress's Cooper-Church resolution prohibits the use of ground troops and advisers in Cambodia. It is possible that the American in the photo was a member of the U.S. military.

The picture shows the pilot and the crew chief. The American in the photo was a member of the U.S. military.

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In Plea of Other Jewish Units

JDL Calls a 'Moratorium' On Harassment of Russians

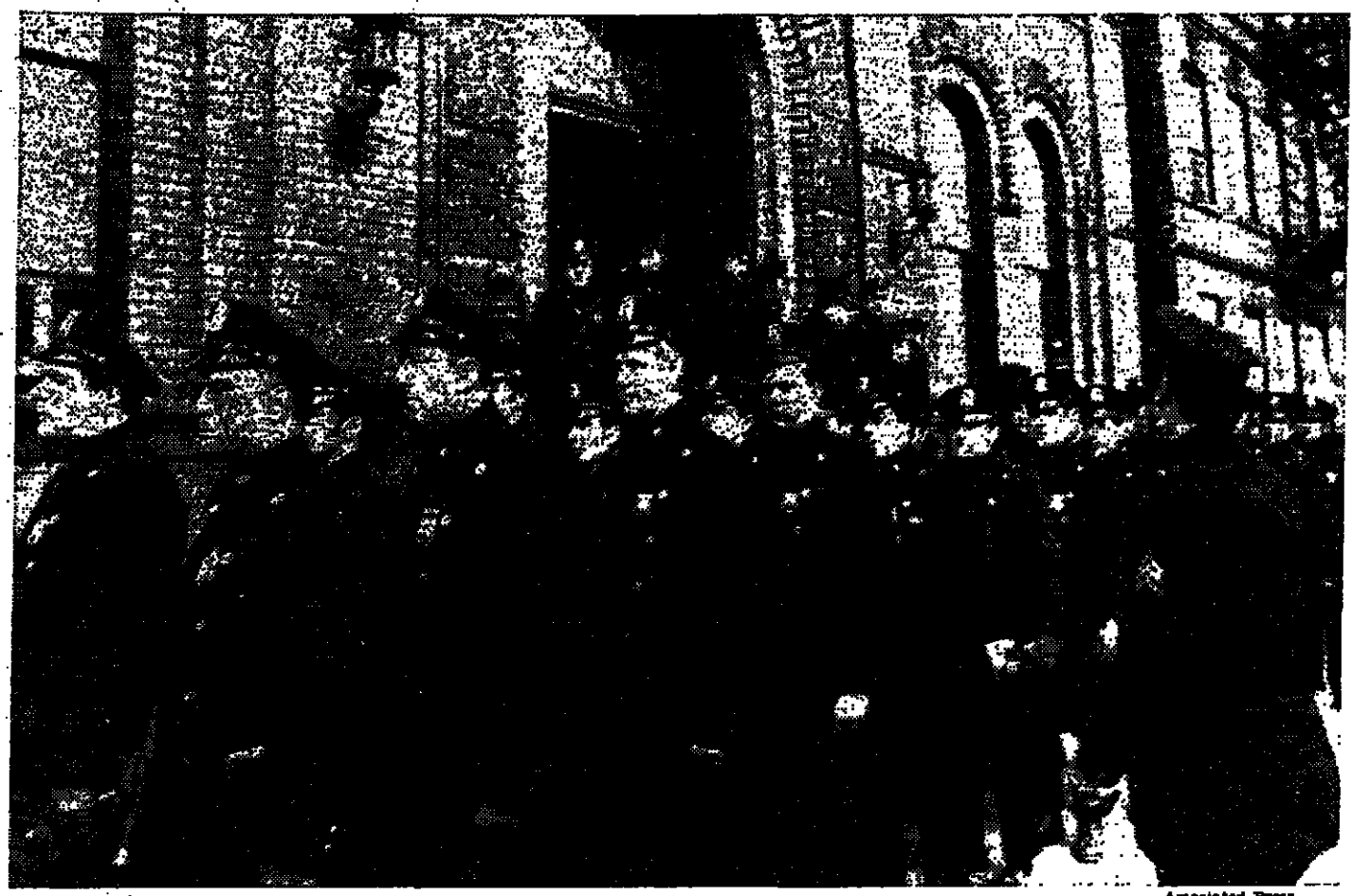
NEW YORK, Jan. 20 (NYT)—Abbi Meir D. Kahane, leader of the Jewish Defense League, announced yesterday an "indefinite moratorium" in the organization's campaign of harassing Soviet diplomats and members of their families.

High Court Limits Judges On Contempt

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The Supreme Court today barred judges from waiting until the end of a trial to consider adding multiple contempt penalties to a defendant's sentence.

U.S. Rebuffs Soviet Attack

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., Jan. 20 (UPI)—The United States told the Soviet Union yesterday that its charge of U.S. government "connivance" in attacks on Communist and Arab UN delegations in New York comes naturally from a regime that uses violence and hooliganism as state policy.



BACK ON THE BEAT—Police officers of New York's 20th Precinct turn out for their tour of duty after deciding to put an end to their six-day job action. However, a few dissident policemen chose to remain off the job.

Republicans Re-Elect Ford House Leader

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—House Republicans re-elected Rep. Gerald R. Ford, of Michigan, as their leader today after narrowly re-electing Rep. John B. Anderson as conference chairman against a strong conservative challenger.

Lindsay Moves to Dock Pay Of Patrolmen Who Struck

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—Mayor John V. Lindsay today moved to revoke mandatory penalties against city patrolmen who shunned their assignments during the six-day strike that ended yesterday.

British Consul's Bodyguard Slain In Guatemala City

GUATEMALA CITY, Jan. 20 (UPI)—Four armed youths broke into the British Consulate in Guatemala City at noon today and shot to death the personal bodyguard of the consul.

9th U.S. Boat Is Seized By Ecuador

QUITO, Jan. 20 (UPI)—Ecuadorian Navy vessels seized another American fishing boat yesterday, the ninth in the past eight days, for fishing within the 200-mile territorial limits this country claims off its coast.

Mitchell Asserts U.S. Is Winning War on Crime

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (UPI)—Attorney General John N. Mitchell said yesterday that the Nixon administration is winning the war against crime despite FBI statistics that show lawlessness still on the rise.

16 Hurt in La. Factory Blast

ROUGE LAKE, La., Jan. 20 (AP)—Sixteen people were slightly injured when a tank truck exploded at a chemical factory here last night. Firemen fought all night to control flames started by the explosion.

Nixon Halts Work On Canal to Save Fla. Environment

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (AP)—President Nixon yesterday ordered a halt to further construction of the Cross-Florida Barge Canal to prevent what he termed "potentially serious environmental damages."

Convict Said to Assist U.S. On Berrigans' Alleged Plot

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The government's investigation of an alleged bombing-kidnap conspiracy by the Rev. Philip F. Berrigan and five others has depended heavily on information from a convict released last month from a federal prison, it was learned yesterday.

U.S. Colonel Held On Drug Charges

SAIGON, Jan. 20 (UPI)—U.S. Air Force Col. Gerald V. Kehrl, 46, was arrested on drug charges and will be tried by general court-martial Feb. 8, Air Force spokesman announced today.

Joachim Goldenstein THE DIAMOND CLUB BLDG.

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THE CROYDON

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'Revolutionary New Light' on Their Intellect

Artifacts Indicate Ice Age Men Used a System of Notation

NEW YORK, Jan. 20 (NYT)—Analysis of markings on fragments of ancient bone, antler and stone has revealed what appears to be a system of notation used throughout most of Europe beginning some 34,000 years ago, during the last Ice Age.

Ask for one of the world's great whiskies.

Advertisement for Canadian Club whisky. It features a large bottle of Canadian Club whisky in the foreground. In the background, two men in suits are seated at a table, one holding a glass of whisky. The text below the bottle reads: 'Ask for Canadian Club at your favourite bar or liquor store. This smooth Canadian Whisky is smooth throughout the world. Canadian Club "The Best in the House" in 87 lands'.

Advertisement for Freddy Perfumes. It features a large bottle of Freddy perfume. The text reads: 'FREDDY PERFUMES GLOVES - BAGS - GIFTS 10 RUE AUBER, PARIS SPECIAL EXPOSE DISCOUNT SPECIAL PRICES 20% OFF'.

Insanity Plea In Killing of 5

SANTA CRUZ, Calif., Jan. 20 (AP)—John Linley Frasier pleaded innocent by reason of insanity today in the slaying of Dr. Victor M. Ohta and four others in the doctor's hilltop mansion near Santa Cruz last Oct. 19.

Advertisement for Michel Swiss Perfumes. It features a small bottle of Michel Swiss perfume. The text reads: 'MICHEL SWISS PERFUMES - GLOVES BAGS - GIFTS SPECIAL EXPOSE DISCOUNT 16 Rue de la Paix - PARIS TEL. 01. 26.30'.



## Policy of Ad Hoc Economic Intervention

With the rollback of Bethlehem Steel's price increase, the new presidential policy of personal intervention in the interest of economic stability appears to have borne its first fruits. A few weeks ago the President sought to counteract an increase in gasoline prices by loosening import restrictions, but his corrective measure was mild and apparently ineffective. In the case of steel, his threat to relax import curbs may well have discouraged the other companies from following Bethlehem's lead, and the resulting competitive pressures forced Bethlehem to retreat from its 12.5 percent increase for plates, structural shapes and so forth to increases figured roughly at 6.8 percent. It is at least a partial victory for the new interventionist policy.

President Nixon has been extremely reluctant to use the prestige and power of his office in this fashion. For nearly two years he held to the belief that inflation could be brought under control by fiscal and monetary policies. The various restraints applied to the economy brought a drop in the country's real Gross National Product in 1970 for the first time in 12 years. Except for the sudden boom in housing, business and industry are still sluggish and unemployment is high, but inflation persists at a somewhat lowered rate. Powerful industries and unions have continued to push prices and wages to unprecedented levels. In these circumstances the administration has been virtually forced into a more active role to combat specific examples of inflation when they become highly visible.

The policy is not designed, of course, to prevent all price increases in steel or any other industry. United States Steel complained the other day that its transportation

costs have gone up 12 percent, scrap prices 23 percent, fuel and power costs 15 percent, state and local taxes 13 percent and construction costs 11 percent.

Labor costs will doubtless be boosted substantially in the wage negotiations that will begin a few months hence. Environment protection costs are also rising sharply, and profits are down. In these circumstances price flexibility is essential to the soundness of the industry, but that does not justify setting off price missiles which seem to contain inflationary warheads.

The White House has let it be known that the cabinet committee on economic policy will continue to study price increases, with regular reports from the Council of Economic Advisors. The President has also directed the construction industry collective bargaining commission to come up with recommendations for dealing with the wage-and-price spiral in that industry within 30 days. This is a far cry from the previous assumption that everything would fall into place if proper fiscal and monetary policies were applied.

Powerful arguments can be made against this policy of ad hoc intervention. It is wide open to favoritism and abuse and to the pursuit of unpredictable White House whims. In the present twilight period between recession and recovery, however, some restraints seem to be essential and formal controls would doubtless be a serious drag on recovery. The administration may have decided that, for the time being, miscellaneous intervention is the only course open to it. In any event, the application of this policy that is not a policy will have to be watched carefully.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

## Too Much Capacity Aloft

Trans World Airlines recently asked the Civil Aeronautics Board for authority to work out joint agreements with other airlines to reduce excess passenger capacity. A somewhat similar proposal made last August by TWA, American and United ran into objections from both the CAB and the Justice Department.

There can be no doubt that TWA and most other airlines are suffering economically. In the last four years there has been a steady erosion of their earnings. In the peak year of 1967 the 12 major carriers together earned \$412 million. Their profits slipped to \$262 million in 1968 and to \$147 million in 1969. Last year the 12 major airlines moved into the red, with collective losses totaling \$123 million. The cumulative downside in earnings has been more than a half-billion dollars in four years.

One of the critical elements in this kind, which could yet breed a new Penn Central debacle, is excess capacity. This problem stems basically from the way the CAB sets air fares without adequately segregating rates on high-density routes from those on low-density routes. Monopoly pricing has, therefore, meant that high profits could be earned on the high-density routes. Drawn by those high profits, the airlines—including not only the major trunk carriers but also smaller regional airlines—pressed hard for access to just those routes. The CAB was highly permissive in letting in more carriers, apparently thinking that high profits would continue no matter how many airlines it allowed to enter high-density routes.

Back in 1951, the average load factor

(percentage of occupied seats) of the domestic trunklines was 69.6 percent. In 1970 the figure had dropped to 49.8 percent. The recession certainly aggravated the empty-seat problem, but so has the coming of the wide-bodied B-747s. It may be intensified as the industry takes more deliveries not only of 747s but of DC-10s and L-1011s.

The airlines thus see themselves hit with a capacity problem that is unlikely to evaporate with the recession. They are therefore proposing a twofold scheme that would involve (a) agreements to reduce capacity on competitive routes where load factors are unduly depressed and (b) agreements to restrain future capacity additions on competitive routes.

There are reasons for concern over the ultimate impact of reduced competition on airline fares or service. And from a public interest standpoint, there are also reasons for concern over the abandonment of unprofitable, low-density routes that perform an essential service for persons and businesses in smaller cities and towns.

The public would derive advantages, however, from a planned reduction in capacity if it resulted in less airport congestion, noise and air pollution. The CAB might well grant experimental permits to airlines to enter into agreements lasting up to one year to reduce excess capacity. Such agreements will need careful policing to insure that public interests are served, not hurt, by them. Regulations should seek to bring about the necessary reductions without the short-term operating and financial chaos that market forces would otherwise dictate.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

## Trouble in 'Paradise'

Manuel Luis Quezon, the Filipino nationalist, once remarked: "I prefer a government run like hell by Filipinos to a government run like heaven by Americans."

The Philippines was never a paradise under American rule, although some Americans liked to think so, but more than two decades after achieving independence the Philippines appear to be close to Mr. Quezon's unhappy alternative. Petty quarrelling among members of the privileged elite who still dominate Philippine politics threatens to paralyze a government that is already dangerously behind in its promises to wipe out lawlessness and corruption and to narrow the explosive gap between rich and poor in the island republic of nearly 40,000,000 inhabitants.

The drivers' strike that precipitated a bitter break between President Ferdinand E. Marcos and Vice-President Fernando Lopez has been temporarily halted. But the strike

was only a superficial symptom of the deeper grievances that are stirring impoverished city workers and rural peasants to increasing rebellion against a system that is heavily loaded in favor of a small, rich minority. The apparent attempt by the powerful Lopez family to utilize the drivers' protest against a fuel price rise to promote their own business interests at the expense of the Marcos government suggests a dangerous indifference to the deeper threat to the government structure on which their own fortunes rely.

Unless the present ruling elite pulls together to give the Philippines the sweeping reforms that President Marcos has repeatedly promised during more than five years in office, the whole structure of post-independence government is likely to crumble. Filipinos can't be expected to tolerate mismanagement in Manila indefinitely, even if the devils are home-grown.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

## In the International Edition

### Seventy-Five Years Ago

January 21, 1896

PARIS.—With the progressive additions to the Monroe Doctrine that are being made in the United States, it will soon be difficult to know where the line American statesmen intend to draw the line. Senator Davis wants its application confined to the American continent or "adjacent islands." This is rather vague. A dispute might arise as to what islands are adjacent. Why not include the Western Hemisphere as one?

### Fifty Years Ago

January 21, 1921

PARIS.—War-play goes on in spite of all the peace talk. The noble old battleship Massachusetts is the practice target of the mortars at Fort Worth, Pensacola. It never seems to have occurred to our Sem to sell as scrap from the historic hull, the cost of which was at least one million dollars, and to employ a cheaper model of wood in its place. American taxpayers seem even to take pride in the offhand extravagance of the Government.



## The State of Uncle Sam

By James Reston

WASHINGTON.—Your Uncle Sam has been in here for his annual checkup, and in general he's in pretty good shape, but there are some things about the old boy that seem to be changing.

He's a little heavier this year than last, as if he'd been drinking too much, and he seems a little jumpy than usual. I always thought of him as such a cheerful and kindly old gentleman, but he doesn't seem to smile much anymore.

Now about the details. His heart and pulse are as regular as the tides. Cardiovascular system quite normal, with excellent blood pressure and good electrocardiogram. Blood count is all right; no evidence of anemia. Cholesterol, however, is considerably elevated—too much time with the feed bag—and his lung-fields look like the inside of a chimney—too much time with the weed.

### Worried About Family

There has been a marked impairment in the old gentleman's hearing since his last checkup. I talked to him about the 1972 presidential election the other day when he was in the office, and he just grunted. It isn't that he can't hear, but just that he's not listening. "I hear what I want to hear," he says, "and tune out the rest."

This is either clear evidence of increasing wisdom or impenetrable stupidity; I wish I knew which it was.

In the course of the examination, I was more troubled by Uncle Sam's psychological condition than anything else. He was worried about all his nieces and nephews, which is natural, for they have always been a wild bunch, but he seemed unnaturally worried this time about money.

He said he was now making over a trillion dollars a year, but couldn't balance his budget. The rich, he said, had more money than they could handle, and the poor had more problems than they could bear. He was very agitated about all this.

My feeling is that there's nothing fundamentally wrong with him that a little peace and quiet wouldn't cure. He's been fighting too many wars on too many fronts for too long, and could use a little loving care. You have to remember that Uncle Sam is a bachelor, and that tends to depress a man after a while.

Specifically, anything you can do to slow things down and make things a little quieter would help. The poor man is dizzy with speed and noise.

There are also some topics of conversation you should try to avoid if possible: Vietnam, for one. Also inflation, unemployment, race relations, generation gaps, hair of all lengths, and politicians and

psychiatrists of all kinds. Life won't bear all the analysis he has gone through in the last few years.

Take him for a walk in the country, if you can get him beyond the city limits. His chief complaint are choking him and wearing him down. No cocktail parties under any circumstances. The noise is worse than the booze. Dinner parties are permissible, but they should be rationed carefully, and no later than 11 o'clock. After all, Uncle Sam's everybody's guest of honor, and should be able to go home when he's tired.

If you can get him away from TV and the singing commercials and persuade him to read a book once in a while, that would help. One qualification: Let him watch the sports events on TV in moderation. If at least come to an end and he'll know who has won. This has been one of his major problems: All other conflicts just go on and on, and lately he has begun to believe his conflicts are interminable and insoluble.

It won't take long to get him back in good form. No pills to put him to sleep or wake him up—just a little rest and a little time to think. That's about all he needs.

## Doing the Urban Sprawl

By Jim Hoagland

LAGOS, Nigeria.—The geography books say it is West Africa's largest city. In fact Lagos is not a city at all. Lagos is a perpetual state of disorder, a restless cloud of one million chattering, stylishly hostile people, raucous noises and corrosive odors, all of them incessantly whirling across a picture-book tropical lagoon and the three tiny islands that theoretically form the city.

Lagos is an outburst of energy. Most African cities develop you in a languid laziness. Lagos assaults you, lashing out in all directions—though mostly at itself.

The tremendous energy and vitality that pulse through the Lagos streets are almost entirely undisciplined, a strength expended fighting the petty personal battles of cities. If the energy were ever harnessed, it could power this continent and the entire black world.

But it is not harnessed, and it is not even solving the growing urban problems Lagos faces. Foreign residents have begun to call Lagos "the Calcutta of Africa," as the quality of urban life deteriorates at a measurable pace.

At the same time, Lagos is the center of the richest cultural area in Africa. Its museum of ancient Nigerian sculpture and artwork is superb, it has a professional African theater that is much smaller than but just as exciting as London's West End. Its crowded nightclubs jump to the rhythms of West Africa's distinctive "high-life" jazz.

### Enter the Yorubas

The city's arresting hodgepodge of the exalted and the squalid owes much to being a Yoruba creation. The Yorubas of western Nigeria are almost unique among Africa's tribes in being natural urban dwellers. They have constructed their own large, increasingly unworkable and crowded cities. The Yorubas are also counted among Africa's most creative peoples.

The three small lagoon islands onto which the center of Lagos has been squeezed, as if from a giant toothpaste tube, are called Lagos, Ikoyi and Victoria.

They are connected to each other and the mainland, by an impressive but still inadequate system of bridges and ferries that carries more than 200,000 workers each day, after inflicting two-to-three-hour traffic jams on them.

English colonial administrators took the eastern end of Ikoyi island for their homes at the turn of the century. Ten years of independence have not shrunk the white enclave; an oil boom and growing industry are attracting even more expatriate businessmen and their families, for three or four-year sojourns.

Their big, expensive new houses are gridding all but a few rich

African families of the residential part of the island, and into the dreary suburbs of the mainland.

Recently, a British oil-company executive sat in his splendid house in Ikoyi and chafed about his impending return to England, where he has bought a house in a changing neighborhood in South London.

"We probably will be living next to an African family there," he said, noting that many Commonwealth immigrants settle in that area. "It will be quite a change from Lagos, where none live along this street."

### Open Drains, Tin Roofs

The trip from the white core of Ikoyi to the black suburbs winds past the national museum, where brass heads and Yoruba wood carvings are skillfully displayed, past Lagos's two genuine skyscrapers that overlook a nicely understated marina, and finally over the open sewage drains and past the rusted-tin-roof shacks that crowd each other on the tip of Lagos Island.

Down in Yaba, an all-African suburb, is an explosion of activity and a mingling of ages. Young men leap into sagging buses that smell as if their motors burn kerosene or peanut oil. As traffic whizzes madly along, an elderly woman who has tramped 10 miles from the mainland some 20 miles away watches in amazement, balancing on her head a stack of seven dozen eggs.

The fumes of disinfectant sting your eyes and nostrils, as women try to kill the feed odors from the drains and to keep their houses clean. The city itself may be dirty, but most of the people of Lagos are clean. To combat the sultry heat and the lack of sanitation facilities, many children are bathed three times a day. Drive across southern Nigeria and you will see people bathing whenever and wherever modesty permits.

Prices have gone up 15 percent in Lagos in the last year. Diplomats estimate that it costs 20 percent more to live here than in New York. Money, or the lack of it, is perhaps the top subject for men-in-the-street Yorubas, who yield to no one in their materialism. But the intellect is also an important force in Yorubaland. Students at the University of Lagos and Ibadan have recently for the week-long Duru Ladipo national theater festival.

Duru Ladipo is a leading Nigerian playwright, who might rank somewhere between Neil Simon and Arthur Miller. Nigerian companies often feature the playwright in the lead, and his wives, cousins and friends pitch in as well.

The most overwhelming part of the campus evening was the audience. Between explosions of laughter, spectators offered a constant stream of suggestions, instant criticism and jokes of their own as Ladipo's company expounded its performance bitingly.

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## Are the Vietnam Reds Near Collapse?

### Hounds and Hare

By Joseph Alsop

WASHINGTON.—No one seems to have noticed it except for a few inside policy-makers here in Washington, yet perhaps the most currently significant passage in Khrushchev's rambling but authentic memoir concerns Vietnam.

Maybe the passage has received no notice because it so flatly disproves the fashionable academic thesis that wars against guerrillas are always "unwinnable." When anyone makes large numbers of pompous spouters look exceedingly silly whether the spouters are in the U.S. Senate, or the ghastly Grayes of academe, or even the newspaper business—the evidence of silliness tends to be suppressed.

Khrushchev says, in effect, that the French gave up about one half hour too early, because of their defeat at Dien Bien Phu. Ho Chi Minh and his Communist movement are described as having been "a blink of an eye" away from the brink of collapse.

The Vietnamese Communists had in fact already asked the Chinese Communists for temporary refuge across the Chinese border. And Chou En-lai had told Khrushchev that this request would have to be refused, because Communist China, after the Korean war, was "in no condition to get involved in another war at this time."

Khrushchev portrays himself as counseling patience until all could see how the wind was blowing at the Geneva conference of 1954, which had already been convened. Once there, he adds, everyone on the Communist side of the table—Vietnamese, Chinese and Soviet, all together "gapped with surprise and pleasure" over the fact that the demarcation line between the two Vietnams. This seemed, as he indicates, really too good to be true.

Current Comparison  
Khrushchev's report on this great turning point in Asian history is highly relevant today, for a very simple reason: America, some say, is going to be engulfed by the Vietnams.

To begin with, the South Vietnamese Army has at last got the number of the North Vietnamese Army—if one may judge by the evidence of these last months. For a long time, whether in Cambodia or elsewhere, the Northern troops have been "ghosting" the South, or have simply run like rabbits when the Southern troops have closed with them.

The Southerners have been con-

tinuously and aggressively taunting with the Northerners. But the results are other facts that have gone almost unnoticed—perhaps, once again, because these facts also make a great many pompous spouters look exceedingly silly.

Yet they are crucial facts. Here in Washington, there is the usual seasonal worry about Hanoi's annual "dry-season offensive." Instead, all should now be watching for a very different and wholly new development: a major dry season offensive by the South Vietnamese.

In important ways, the South Vietnamese have already begun their dry-season offensive. The flamboyant but able Gen. Do Cao Tri, in the Third Corps area, has long operated in Cambodia with a large part of his regular troops. These operations are now being intensified.

Helping Comrades  
In the Fourth Corps, the outstanding field commander Gen. Ngo Quang Truong has not completed his program for cleaning out the last of the enemy's local base areas. He has made such satisfactory progress, however, that Gen. Truong has already begun to detach large numbers of his regular troops, to help out the Cambodians. These were the men who reopened Route 4, from Phnom Penh to its seaport.

It is abundantly clear, moreover, that the South Vietnamese are only just beginning. If they go on as they have been going, with comparable success, it may well be that the Hanoi leaders will face, in 1971, the kind of dry choice that Ho Chi Minh prematurely reported to Khrushchev in 1954.

The question, then, is whether we Americans are going to initiate the French. That means, at bottom, whether President Nixon's sound, sensible and highly successful Vietnamization program is going to be sabotaged by the President's own Secretary of Defense, or by the gossamer who guard the Capitol in the U.S. Senate, or by someone else.

Defense Secretary Melvin Laird has a "broad scheme of sabotage." American troops are correctly being pulled out on schedule. But Laird is not leaving the South Vietnamese with the helicopters, planes, artillery and such that they need to finish the job on their own.

Would it be too laughably stupid to wonder what might be accomplished if well-trained layers of the book were instead to contribute the same \$10 or \$12 to say, the war against ecological destruction or the care and feeding of victims, the homeless, the aged, the ill...?

JAMES COULTER BLACK, Nyon, Switzerland.

Brief Encounter  
Russell Baker's column (Jan. 20 on "The Unlove Story" of a Washington "unlove" left out one of the most important forms of cocktail style cerebral gymnastics: legal. Obviously, Mercutio was smiling through the obituary dicta at the ancient civil wisdom stories hitherto had lost him the female solo who resembled a tort.

ELIZABETH DRIBBLE, Paris.

Impeachable Sance  
Should Giovanni Agnelli (see contended) in Lettara, Jan. 16, on the C. L. Sulzberger column titled "Spaghetti with Chile Sauce" some day find his spaghetti bowl as languid on his palate as it does on his plate, a couple of drops of tabasco is what he'll need.

FRANK WADSWORTH, Monte Carlo.

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Singapore Talks Put Off Arms Issue

Commonwealth Avoids Conference Break Up

NGAPORE, Jan. 20 (UPI)—Commonwealth leaders agreed to an indefinite postponement of talks on the South African issue.

An agreement will allow the day Commonwealth leaders' conference to end Friday without doing apart.

Nothing much else was solved. Britain reserved the right to the arms sales to South Africa.

Only Beginning The crisis has only begun, one source said.

An agreement to shelve the issue was reached after two days of secret sessions in which delegation chiefs participated.

Unstable or ground rules were announced for the group—Britain, Canada, India, Kenya, Malaysia and Tanzania—to submit their reports to the Commonwealth heads of government.

British Prime Minister Edward Heath also said in a formal statement that his government would "carry out its legal obligations" to the South African government under the Simonstown agreement.

The prime minister has previously stated that the agreement obligated Britain to provide arms to the Pretoria government.

South African Assurances The British government has assured the South African government that the British government has no aggressive intentions and that it will not use any forms of military judgment supplied by the British government for purposes other than those for which they have been supplied.

Communist Opposition Chief in Warsaw to See Gierek

WARSAW, Jan. 20 (UPI)—Edward Gierk, leader of West Germany's Christian Democratic party, arrived in Warsaw today for a two-day visit that is to include meetings with Communist leader Edward Gierk and other officials.

Stunt Pilots Killed in Britain

NDON, Jan. 20 (AP)—Four of Britain's Red Arrows stunt team were killed today in a crash landing.



STEPPING TO THE MOON—Apollo-14 mission commander Alan B. Shepard leads his crewmen, Edgar Mitchell (left) and Stuart Roosa, to a bus for the ride to the Saturn-5 and their command vehicle, Kitty Hawk.

Obituaries

Cardinal Bacci, 85, of Italy, Vatican Authority on Latin

VATICAN CITY, Jan. 20 (AP)—Antonio Cardinal Bacci, 85, the Vatican's foremost Latin expert, who adapted that language to the new terms of technology, died today after a long illness.

Church Council Warns of External Threat in Africa

ADDIS ABABA, Jan. 20 (AP)—Outsiders are the major threat to the African continent and the struggles going on in Africa today carry the risk of a major world conflict, the World Council of Churches said today.

81 in Vatican Gendarmerie Trade Pantaloon for Suits

VATICAN CITY, Jan. 20 (AP)—Eighty-one men who guard the Vatican and Pope Paul VI went from being uniformed soldiers to plainclothes policemen today.

Stunt Pilots Killed in Britain

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FASHION For the Ladies And Gentlemen

By Eugenia Sheppard

ROME, Jan. 20—Mila Schon has been dressing the ladies with a capital I for a long time.

Her first fashions for men came as a surprise when they appeared on the runway of the Grand Hotel along with the women's.

For the ladies, too, Mila Schon's fashions are much softer. Never at their best on a runway, they are more than ever at a disadvantage this time.

One dress alone took two girls ten days to make. It's a pullover and skirt of ecru colored linen with long stripes of hand-drawn work on both.

Mila Schon, whose style used to be described as hard edge, even goes so far as to provide four long lingerie dresses, hand-embroidered, lace-encrusted and complete with baby bonnets.

Her half-dozen evening dresses are wispy black georgette, hand beaded in Persian rug colors and patterns.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—This is the Year of Cyrus the Great. The year 1971 marks the 2,500th anniversary of the founding of the Persian Empire, and all Iran will be celebrating during the month of October.

Music in Italy An Uproar at the Florence Opera House

FLORENCE, Jan. 20.—The Florentine audience is usually staid, even apathetic at times, but at this season's first performance of "La Traviata" last night at the Teatro Comunale, there were demonstrations and counter-demonstrations worthy of a football stadium.

New Plans Set For Austrian Drama

VIENNA, Jan. 20 (AP)—Plans for Austrian state theaters to be run by an independent economic unit were disclosed by Austrian Education Minister Leopold Graf at a news conference yesterday.

PARIS AMUSEMENTS PUBLICIS ELYSEES (225.76.23) PUBLICIS ST-GERMAIN (222.72.80) VENDOME (073.97.52) STUDIO JEAN COCTEAU (Rue d'Arras) coin Rue des Ecoles (833.47.62) PARAMOUNT MONTPARNASSE (326.99.33) et PARAMOUNT Gobelins (707.12.28)

For the First Time In an International Version A MASTERPIECE The Territory of the others Magic and ritual of European savage animals



Mila Schon showed a white and blue aviator's suit in fake leather for rainy days.

color is oatmeal. Coats, pull-overs and dresses are made of double face wool inset with rib knitting.

She shows more pants than most designers this season, some of them gathered like a paratrooper's at the ankles. For evening she does the paratrooper look in silk with smocking instead of elastic at the ankles.

Typical is a flaring mid-length skirt of dusty rose suede, with port holes cut out below the waistline. It is worn with a pale silk shirt, dusty rose suede shoes and stockings.

Gucci shows sporty suede dresses with brass buttons but square necklines and wide straps over bare shoulders.

ing him is Françoise Xenakis, the French-born wife of the Greek composer. The two first met in 1967 at the Festival of Contemporary Music in Persepolis, Greece.

The basic function of the maison is to promote a knowledge of the arts, history, literature, artisanship and industry of the present day country which grew out of Cyrus's empire. The bazaar aspects help to pay the bills.

At the end of the first act, there was applause, but there were also hissing and whistles. At the end of the second act, Miss Scotto did not appear for curtain calls.

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Under these circumstances, it is difficult to make an objective assessment of the musical aspects of the evening. One thing was clear: Miss Scotto has her ideas of how Violetta should be sung, and they are not the same as Maestro Inbal's views.

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Crisis Behind the Scenes At Italian Collections

By Hebe Dorsey

ROME, Jan. 20.—Couture, admittedly, is no longer what it used to be, but the situation in Rome is just short of catastrophic.

It is reported that 80 percent of the Roman couture houses are undergoing a severe crisis, although many won't admit it.

Smaller Shows As a result, the couture houses are showing smaller collections and some are not showing at all.

To cast another shadow on the Italian couture, its star, Valentino, who was acquired last year by Kenton Corp. of New York, has established headquarters in Amsterdam, no doubt for tax reasons.

At higher economic levels, the fashion industry, as a whole, is second in the Italian export trade. During the first months of 1970, exports fell by 8 percent while imports went up by 37 percent (compared to 1969).

The fabric manufacturers are the first ones to admit that couture is in a bad way.

Drummer at the Maison de l'Iran.

Maison de l'Iran humming, Percussionists from the Paris Opera have been invited to improvise with Iranian musicians while the public lolled around luxuriously on Persian carpets.

Wedding Rites One day Mrs. Xenakis arranged a sumptuous wedding according to all the traditional rites.

At the last moment, it was discovered that the bridegroom was not exactly free. The ceremony had to be called off but Mrs. Xenakis, a bubbling dynamo of Russian descent, had a great time tossing the candied sugar around the Champs-Elysees blessing all the passers-by.

Part of the premises have been rented out to concessionaires who make up the bazaar. There is a restaurant and a caviar bar.

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Celebrating the Birth of the Persian Empire

By Naomi Barry

PARIS, Jan. 20.—This is the Year of Cyrus the Great. The year 1971 marks the 2,500th anniversary of the founding of the Persian Empire, and all Iran will be celebrating during the month of October.

ing him is Françoise Xenakis, the French-born wife of the Greek composer. The two first met in 1967 at the Festival of Contemporary Music in Persepolis, Greece.

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Here is a list of corporate and governmental agency issuers for whom we managed financings during 1970:

- Alabama Power Company
- Allegheny Ludlum Steel Corporation
- Aluminum Company of America
- Aluminum Company of Canada, Limited
- Appalachian Power Company
- Arizona Public Service Company
- Baltimore Gas and Electric Company
- The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company
- Blue Bell, Inc.
- Boston Edison Company
- Boston Gas Company
- Burlington Northern Inc.
- CNA Financial Corporation
- CNA Overseas Capital Corporation, N.Y.
- Central Illinois Light Company
- Central Power and Light Company
- Central Vermont Public Service Corporation
- The Chesapeake and Ohio Railway
- Chrysler Corporation
- Cities Service Overseas Finance N.Y.
- The Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company
- Comalco Investments Europe S.A. (Luxembourg)
- Commonwealth Edison Company
- Commonwealth Oil Refining Company, Inc.
- The Connecticut Light and Power Company
- Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc.
- Consumers Power Company
- Cummins Engine Company, Inc.
- Delmarva Power & Light Company
- The Diamond State Telephone Company
- Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette, Inc.
- Dresser Industries, Inc.
- Duke Power Company
- Duquesne Light Company
- Eastern Gas and Fuel Associates
- Electric Energy, Inc.
- The Empire District Electric Company
- Equitable Gas Company
- European Investment Bank
- Federal National Mortgage Association
- Fidelco Growth Investors
- Florida Power Corporation
- Florida Power & Light Company
- Geigy (U.K.) Limited
- General Public Utilities Corporation
- Georgia Power Company
- Government National Mortgage Association
- Gulf Oil Corporation
- Gulf States Utilities Company
- Hackensack Water Company
- Hammersley Iron Finance N.V.
- The Hanna Mining Company
- Houston Natural Gas Corporation
- Illinois Power Company
- Indiana Bell Telephone Company, Incorporated
- International Bank for Reconstruction and Development
- International Paper Company
- International Paper Finance N.V.
- Interstate Land Development Company, Inc.
- Iowa Power and Light Company
- Jamaica Alumina Security Company Ltd.
- Jersey Central Power & Light Company
- Jonathan Development Corporation
- Jones & Laughlin Steel Corporation
- Joy Manufacturing Company
- Kaiser Industries Corporation
- Kansas Gas and Electric Company
- The Kansas Power and Light Company
- KLM International Finance Company N.V.
- Long Island Lighting Company
- Louisiana Power & Light Company
- Louisville Gas and Electric Company
- Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company
- Marathon Oil Company
- Michigan Bell Telephone Company
- Missouri Pacific Railroad Company
- The Mountain States Telephone and Telegraph Company
- National Steel Corporation
- New Bedford Gas and Edison Light Company
- New England Gas and Electric Association
- New England Power Company
- New England Telephone and Telegraph Company
- New Jersey Bell Telephone Company
- New York Telephone Company
- Northeast Utilities
- Northern Illinois Gas Company
- North Shore Gas Company
- Ohio Power Company
- Otis Elevator Company
- Otis Elevator International Capital Corp.
- PPG Industries, Inc.
- Pacific Far East Line, Inc.
- Pacific Northwest Bell Telephone Company
- J. C. Penney Company, Inc.
- Pennsylvania Electric Company
- Pennsylvania Power & Light Company
- The Peoples Gas Light and Coke Company
- Philadelphia Electric Company
- Pilkington Brothers (Canada) Limited
- Pitney-Bowes, Inc.
- The Potomac Edison Company
- Public Service Company of Colorado
- Public Service Company of Indiana, Inc.
- Public Service Company of North Carolina, Incorporated
- Pullman Transport Leasing Company
- Quebec Hydro-Electric Commission
- Queensland Alumina Finance N. V.
- Republic Steel Corporation
- Rochester Gas and Electric Corporation
- Société Financière Européenne—S.F.E. Luxembourg
- Southern California Edison Company
- The Southern Connecticut Gas Company
- Southern Pacific Transportation Company
- Southern Railway Company
- Oy Tampella Ab
- Tennessee Valley Authority
- Texas Oil & Gas Corp.
- Texas Power & Light Company
- Texfi Industries, Inc.
- The Toledo Edison Company
- Transocean Gulf Oil Co.
- The Travelers Corporation
- UGI Corporation
- Union Electric Company
- Union Pacific Railroad Company
- United States Department of Agriculture, Farmers Home Administration
- Utah Power & Light Company
- Washington Gas Light Company
- Western Electric Company
- Westinghouse Electric Corporation
- Wisconsin Power and Light Company
- Wisconsin Public Service Corporation
- Worcester Gas Light Company
- Xerox Corporation

# First Boston 1970 A record year

During 1970, First Boston managed or co-managed a record \$10 billion of financing for corporate, governmental agency and international issuers. Here is a breakdown of the figures:

TYPE OF ISSUE	NUMBER OF ISSUES	AMOUNT
Federal Agency Securities . . . . .	10	\$2,228,000,000
Common Stocks and Convertible Securities . . . . .	29	891,000,000
Preferred Stocks . . . . .	20	644,000,000
Utility and Railroad Bonds . . . . .	81	3,421,000,000
Industrial Bonds . . . . .	23	2,063,000,000
International Bonds . . . . .	26	739,000,000
World Bank Bonds . . . . .	1	200,000,000
	<b>190</b>	<b>\$10,186,000,000</b>

The public offerings of preferred and common stocks in the listing above represented more than 39 million shares. Included in the tabulation are 65 issues of bonds and stocks awarded at competitive bidding valued at \$2,358,000,000. Also included are 16 direct placements of securities totaling \$370,000,000.

In addition to the above, First Boston managed or co-managed 112 underwritings totaling \$2,597,000,000 of tax-exempt financings to meet the needs of state and local entities.

Whatever your financial requirements, First Boston's experienced professionals will be glad to talk with you.

For any investment banking service,

call **First Boston** first.



THE FIRST BOSTON CORPORATION Investment Bankers  
New York London Zürich Boston Chicago Cleveland Philadelphia Pittsburgh San Francisco

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pan Payment Surplus  
rinks to \$1.38 Billion

O. Jan. 20 (AP-DJ)—The trade balance, however, showed a \$31 million improvement over 1969, rising to a surplus of \$4.03 billion.

Bank  
Changes Rates

IKFURT, Jan. 20 (AP-DJ)—Bundesbank council today to leave West Germany's rate unchanged at 6 percent and the Lombard rate at 7.5 percent.

Decision to keep the key lending rates unchanged... Mr. Kliesen said, but that is "ser evil."

Mr. Kliesen said he plans to meet U.S. authorities in Washington this week to discuss how further they plan to reduce rates.

The decline in the overall surplus was attributed to an outflow of long-term capital totaling \$1.604 billion.

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Reserves Rise

Foreign currency reserves at the end of 1970 totaled \$4,399 billion, up \$903 million from 1969.

Exports in 1970 rose 21.4 percent to \$19,041 billion from \$15,679 billion a year earlier.

Invisibles, composed of transport, insurance and other services and transfer payments, registered a deficit of \$2,005 million in 1970, compared with a deficit of \$1,580 billion a year earlier.

Capital Exports  
The deficit on long-term capital transactions widened sharply in 1970 to \$1,604 billion from a \$155 million deficit a year earlier.

Short-term capital flows, combined with errors and omissions, showed a surplus of \$959 million, up from \$319 million.

The overall balance, composed of the current-account balance, the short-term capital balance and the errors and omissions balance, registered a surplus of \$1,383 billion in 1970, down from a surplus of \$2,283 billion a year earlier.



PEOPLE IN BUSINESS

Al P. Sanfley has been named manager of finance and administration for General Electric Technical Services Co. for France, Belgium, Luxembourg and French-speaking Africa.

TIT Europe has named Michel C. Bergeve, its group general manager—Industrial products operations—to be an executive vice-president.

Jean Villachaze, President-director general of Morgan et Cie, has been named a member of the consultative council of Cie. Financière de Suez et de l'Union Parisienne to represent INA Corp.

Ethiopian Airlines has named Melakou Yoseph director of the line's French operations.

Nixon Tariff Chief  
WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (Reuters)—President Nixon announced today the appointment of Chester L. Mize as chairman of the U.S. Tariff Commission for a term extending in June, 1974, subject to Senate approval.

Director of giant American Telephone & Telegraph have authorized the sale of a \$500 million, 30-year debenture issue.

U.S. Banks Cut Rates  
The decline in U.S. interest rates spread further through the banking industry with announcements from Manufacturers Hanover Trust, Irving Trust and Wells Fargo that they are cutting their prime lending rates to 8 from 8 1/4 percent.

Magazine Ads Drop  
U.S. magazine publishers showed heavy revenue losses last year, according to figures just compiled by the Gallagher Report, which keeps track of 100 leading publications.

EIB Loans at High  
The Common Market's European Investment Bank granted a record \$354 million worth of loans in 1970 for economic development, bringing total loans granted to \$1.81 billion.

Mobil Earnings Up; TWA Has Loss

NEW YORK, Jan. 20 (Reuters)—Mobil Oil Corp., with the aid of a 7.5 percent profit gain in the fourth quarter, turned in a 5.7 percent net increase for 1970, company chairman Rawleigh Warner Jr. announced today.

Mr. Warner cited Mobil's favorable position in foreign tanker coverage and price gains in Europe and Japan during the second half of the year as brightening the profit picture.

Worldwide crude oil and natural gas liquid production, plus supplies received under long-term arrangements, averaged 2.08 million barrels a day in 1970, up 6.2 percent from 1969.

Amsted Industries  
Fourth Quarter 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 65.5 65.0  
Profits (millions)... 0.99 1.8  
Per Share... 0.36 0.54

A.O. Smith  
Fourth Quarter 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 85.4 94.3  
Profits (millions)... -0.8 3.89  
Per Share... -0.32 1.57

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 413.1 354.5  
Profits (millions)... 7.29 14.84  
Per Share... 2.95 5.56

Carborundum Co.  
Fourth Quarter 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 70.2 77.55  
Profits (millions)... 3.28 4.01  
Per Share... 0.90 1.10

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 302.2 290.4  
Profits (millions)... 14.16 14.72  
Per Share... 3.87 4.03

Caterpillar Tractor  
Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 2,100.2 2,000.0  
Profits (millions)... 143.8 142.5  
Per Share... 2.53 2.51

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 150.85 139.64  
Profits (millions)... 8.9 11.05  
Per Share... 1.27 1.60

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 593.72 540.78  
Profits (millions)... 39.52 50.49  
Per Share... 5.69 7.27

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 227.7 226.9  
Profits (millions)... 10.12 10.98  
Per Share... 2.20 2.37

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 61.0 59.2  
Profits (millions)... 4.6 3.75  
Per Share... 0.54 0.45

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 194.1 178.3  
Profits (millions)... 13.85 11.99  
Per Share... 1.51 1.41

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 113.9 106.0  
Profits (millions)... 1.17 1.8  
Per Share... 0.40 0.63

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 328.8 297.8  
Profits (millions)... 2.25 4.38  
Per Share... 0.80 1.53

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 86.08  
Profits (millions)... 3.87  
Per Share... 0.61

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 169.5 172.9  
Profits (millions)... 8.09 9.78  
Per Share... 1.28 1.54

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 179.97 168.71  
Profits (millions)... 3.77 7.85  
Per Share... 0.44 0.93

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 66.9 63.5  
Profits (millions)... 3.13 2.24  
Per Share... 0.87 0.61

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 82.2 97.4  
Profits (millions)... -0.28 2.15  
Per Share... -0.19 1.14

Oil Sales, Output  
Overseas Cited

Worldwide production of natural gas totaled 3.4 billion cubic feet a day, up 10 percent, and refinery output of crude oil and natural gas liquids amounted to 2 million barrels a day, up 5 percent.

Fourth Quarter 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 2,250.0 2,030.0  
Profits (millions)... 134.2 134.8  
Per Share... 1.33 1.23

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 2,900.0 2,570.0  
Profits (millions)... 482.5 456.5  
Per Share... 4.77 4.50

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 532.5 533.3  
Profits (millions)... 11.7 12.38  
Per Share... 2.16 3.70

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 286.5 285.0  
Profits (millions)... 10.8 14.38  
Per Share... 2.01 2.76

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 1,686.0 1,612.0  
Profits (millions)... 187.8 179.4  
Per Share... 3.35 3.21

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 64.9 67.5  
Profits (millions)... -3.81 -1.15  
Per Share... -

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 127.8 134.9  
Profits (millions)... -7.16 -4.2  
Per Share... -0.48 -0.50

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 235.0 156.0  
Profits (millions)... 12.5 3.7  
Per Share... 0.90 0.27

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 869.0 762.2  
Profits (millions)... 41.4 30.8  
Per Share... 3.01 2.27

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 274.1 288.5  
Profits (millions)... 10.07 9.0  
Per Share... 0.75 0.65

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 538.6 516.8  
Profits (millions)... 19.78 17.7  
Per Share... 1.48 1.29

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 195.5 190.25  
Profits (millions)... 10.11 16.28  
Per Share... 0.29 0.41

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 755.7 731.5  
Profits (millions)... 49.15 60.01  
Per Share... 1.42 1.72

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 732.06 662.3  
Profits (millions)... 100.66 94.02  
Per Share... 1.94 1.84

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 1,356.0 1,422.6  
Profits (millions)... 37.8 68.3  
Per Share... 0.97 2.07

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 121.7 112.3  
Profits (millions)... 7.51 7.2  
Per Share... 0.50 0.48

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 462.2 449.5  
Profits (millions)... 30.78 30.38  
Per Share... 2.05 2.03

Mutual Fund Role Cited

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—Profiting and heavy institutional activity again tested the strength of the New York Stock Exchange today, with prices closing little changed after being ahead most of the day.

The Dow Jones industrial average finished the day up 0.48 at \$49.95, after being ahead more than 1 point earlier. It fell behind yesterday's close late in the afternoon.

Volume, meanwhile, rose to 18.33 million shares from yesterday's 15.80 million with mutual funds reported to be doing some heavy portfolio shuffling.

Some analysts saw the institutions selling to assure themselves of short-term profits. But there was enough buying enthusiasm left to offset the profit-taking.

Every stock on the most-active list showed volume of over 100,000 shares.

Pitston topped the active list and finished at 43 3/8, down 1/8, after trading as low as 42 1/2. Company president N. T. Camicis said that there is talk on Wall Street about coal imports to Japan being cut back and this might have affected the stock.

Two block trades of 199,000 Pitston shares each moved at 42 1/2. Elsewhere in the coal industry, Eastern Gas and Fuel dropped 1/8 to 36 7/8 and North American was off 1/4 at 20.

Scott Paper, actively traded, fell 1/2 at 26 1/4, having reported lower profits. Other paper stocks firmed slightly.

Other issues whose turnover included blocks of 100,000 shares or more included General Public Utilities off 3/4 at 24 1/4, Pueblo International up 1/8 at 15, and Trans World Airline, unchanged at 15 3/8 after reporting a loss for 1970.

Higher profits listed today helped Buffalo Forge rise 3 1/4 to 38 1/2. National Biscuit added 1 1/4 to 50 1/8. Stone and Webster climbed 1 3/8 to 41 3/8 and Gerber Products put on 1/8 at 43 3/8.

Glamour generally had a bad day. Disney fell 1/2 to 151 1/2. Epsomwell 1 1/4 to 85 3/4. Memorex 3/8 to 55 1/8 and National Cash Register 1/8 to 39. Avon Products lost 1 to 84.

American Stock Exchange prices gained, with the index rising 0.08 to 23.74 and 506 issues advancing, 388 declining.

Syntax topped the actives and added 13/4 to 415/8 after a 2 1/2-point gain in active trading yesterday.

Commonwealth, one of the 50 largest U.S. banks, was placed under the effective operating control of Chase Manhattan Bank last week.

After securities transactions, the bank's net quarterly loss was \$3.17 million, or \$1.88 a share, compared with net profits of \$3.7 million, or 75 cents a share, in the fourth quarter of 1969.

For the full year, the bank reported a deficit before securities transactions of \$6.35 million in contrast to earnings of \$13.78 million, or \$2.75 a share, for 1969.

The net loss after securities transactions last year was \$9.24 million, contrasted with a profit of \$12.94 million, or \$2.48 a share.

John E. Thompson, Commonwealth president, said the bank operated profitably in the last quarter. A bank spokesman explained that loan-loss reserves were raised to \$12 million last year and that a \$6.5 million fourth-quarter transfer was needed to bring the reserve to that level.

Chase's effective control of the bank stemmed from shares representing 39 percent interest in the bank that had been pledged as collateral on loans Chase had granted to Donald H. Parsons partnerships.

Mr. Parsons, former Commonwealth chairman, resigned last year. The bank's new chief executive officer is John Hooper, a senior Chase officer.

N.Y. Prices Little Changed  
As Volume Tops 18 Million

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NEWS AND NOTES

AT&T Bond Issue  
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U.S. Banks Cut Rates  
The decline in U.S. interest rates spread further through the banking industry with announcements from Manufacturers Hanover Trust, Irving Trust and Wells Fargo that they are cutting their prime lending rates to 8 from 8 1/4 percent.

Magazine Ads Drop  
U.S. magazine publishers showed heavy revenue losses last year, according to figures just compiled by the Gallagher Report, which keeps track of 100 leading publications.

EIB Loans at High  
The Common Market's European Investment Bank granted a record \$354 million worth of loans in 1970 for economic development, bringing total loans granted to \$1.81 billion.

Italian Wage Costs  
Wage costs in Italy this year are likely to increase by 7 to 25 percent, depending on the sector, according to Fulvio Braccini, vice-president of the National Manufacturers Association.

Abu Dhabi Oil Strike  
Abu Dhabi Co., of Japan, says one of its exploratory wells has struck low-sulphur oil in a concession off the coast of Abu Dhabi, in the Persian Gulf.

Subsidiary Seeks E Membership  
SAPOLES, Minn., Jan. 20.—Investors Diversified Inc. said today one of its subsidiaries, Jeffries and Co., has for membership on the New York Stock Exchange.

W Tax Boosts  
SIELES, Jan. 20 (AP-DJ)—The consumer price index is about half a percentage point below the January 1970 level, according to a government official said.

er, many retailers have had price increases and stock on Dec. 31 could be about the new tax, he noted the increase in February would be higher.

January index was put at 15.75 (the base year 1966=100), up from 15.23 percent. The government said a 6 percent rise in the year whole. In 1970, consumer prices rose 3.1 percent, one of the steepest among major industries.

King's Ransom  
The luxury SCOTCH that's distinctly superior



Blended and bottled in Scotland by WILLIAM WHITELEY & COMPANY

Mobil Earnings Up; TWA Has Loss

NEW YORK, Jan. 20 (Reuters)—Mobil Oil Corp., with the aid of a 7.5 percent profit gain in the fourth quarter, turned in a 5.7 percent net increase for 1970, company chairman Rawleigh Warner Jr. announced today.

Mr. Warner cited Mobil's favorable position in foreign tanker coverage and price gains in Europe and Japan during the second half of the year as brightening the profit picture.

Worldwide crude oil and natural gas liquid production, plus supplies received under long-term arrangements, averaged 2.08 million barrels a day in 1970, up 6.2 percent from 1969.

Amsted Industries  
Fourth Quarter 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 65.5 65.0  
Profits (millions)... 0.99 1.8  
Per Share... 0.36 0.54

A.O. Smith  
Fourth Quarter 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 85.4 94.3  
Profits (millions)... -0.8 3.89  
Per Share... -0.32 1.57

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 413.1 354.5  
Profits (millions)... 7.29 14.84  
Per Share... 2.95 5.56

Carborundum Co.  
Fourth Quarter 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 70.2 77.55  
Profits (millions)... 3.28 4.01  
Per Share... 0.90 1.10

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 302.2 290.4  
Profits (millions)... 14.16 14.72  
Per Share... 3.87 4.03

Caterpillar Tractor  
Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 2,100.2 2,000.0  
Profits (millions)... 143.8 142.5  
Per Share... 2.53 2.51

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 150.85 139.64  
Profits (millions)... 8.9 11.05  
Per Share... 1.27 1.60

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 593.72 540.78  
Profits (millions)... 39.52 50.49  
Per Share... 5.69 7.27

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 227.7 226.9  
Profits (millions)... 10.12 10.98  
Per Share... 2.20 2.37

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 61.0 59.2  
Profits (millions)... 4.6 3.75  
Per Share... 0.54 0.45

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 194.1 178.3  
Profits (millions)... 13.85 11.99  
Per Share... 1.51 1.41

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 113.9 106.0  
Profits (millions)... 1.17 1.8  
Per Share... 0.40 0.63

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 328.8 297.8  
Profits (millions)... 2.25 4.38  
Per Share... 0.80 1.53

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 86.08  
Profits (millions)... 3.87  
Per Share... 0.61

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 169.5 172.9  
Profits (millions)... 8.09 9.78  
Per Share... 1.28 1.54

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 179.97 168.71  
Profits (millions)... 3.77 7.85  
Per Share... 0.44 0.93

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 66.9 63.5  
Profits (millions)... 3.13 2.24  
Per Share... 0.87 0.61

Year 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 82.2 97.4  
Profits (millions)... -0.28 2.15  
Per Share... -0.19 1.14

Oil Sales, Output  
Overseas Cited

Worldwide production of natural gas totaled 3.4 billion cubic feet a day, up 10 percent, and refinery output of crude oil and natural gas liquids amounted to 2 million barrels a day, up 5 percent.

Fourth Quarter 1970 1969  
Revenue (millions)... 2,250.0 2,030.0  
Profits (millions)... 134.2 134.8  
Per Share... 1.33 1.23

Year 1970



New York Stock Exchange Trading

Table of New York Stock Exchange trading data, including columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume. Includes sections for 'New York Stock Exchange Trading' and 'U.S. Commodity Prices'.

U.S. Commodity Prices

Table of U.S. Commodity Prices, listing various commodities such as wheat, corn, soybeans, and oil, along with their respective prices and market status.

Market Summary

Table of Market Summary, providing a snapshot of market activity, including indices like the Dow Jones Average and Standard & Poor's, and a list of active stocks.

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SALES ORGANIZATION WANTED. INTERNATIONAL REDUCE FUND. Includes contact information and details about the fund.

Handwritten scribbles and signatures at the bottom of the page.



New York Stock Exchange Trading

Table of New York Stock Exchange trading data, including columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume. Includes sub-sections for 'New Highs and Lows' and 'Sales in Full'.

European Gold Markets

Table showing European Gold Markets with columns for location (London, Zurich, Paris), price, and change.

Bank Stocks

Table of Bank Stocks listing various banks and their stock prices.

Foreign Stock Index

Table of Foreign Stock Index showing indices for Amsterdam, Brussels, Frankfurt, London, Milan, Paris, and Zurich.

One Dollar

Table titled 'One Dollar' showing exchange rates for various currencies like Austrian schillings, Belgian francs, etc.

European Markets

Table of European Markets listing stock prices for Amsterdam, Brussels, and London.

London

Table of London stock market data listing various companies and their stock prices.

New Highs and Lows

Table of New Highs and Lows listing stocks that reached new price points.

Swedish Reserves Up

Text article titled 'Swedish Reserves Up' reporting on Sweden's currency reserves.

Advertisement for Japan Electronic Computer Co., Ltd. featuring the JECC logo and a loan offer of \$5,000,000 for 1970-1975.

Advertisement for Atlanta Corporation, a common stock offering of 300,000 shares at \$8 per share, listing various financial institutions as underwriters.

Advertisement for Bache & Co. featuring the headline 'Most brokers offer the same stocks. Then why have so many investors chosen Bache?' and a coupon for a report.



American Stock Exchange Trading

Table of American Stock Exchange trading data, including columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume. It is organized into sections A through P.

Table of international stock exchange trading data, including columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume. It is organized into sections A through P.

Table of Toronto Stocks and Mutual Funds, including closing prices and fund performance data.

Advertisement for First Pennsylvania Bank, featuring a \$25,000,000 offering of 6% Capital Notes due July 15, 1978, and a list of participating financial institutions.

Advertisement for Ellis G. Zuerich, a financial advisor specializing in international investments, with contact information and a list of services.



American Stock Exchange Trading

Table of American Stock Exchange Trading with columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume. Includes sections for 'Continued from preceding page', '1970-71 Stocks and Div.', and '1970-71 Stocks and Div.'.

International Bonds Traded in Europe

Table of International Bonds Traded in Europe with columns for bond names, prices, and yields.

INTERNATIONAL EXECUTIVE OPPORTUNITIES

Advertisement for International Executive Opportunities, featuring sections for 'PLASTICS', 'PHILIP MORRIS EUROPE', 'MARKETING RESEARCH ANALYST', 'EUROPEAN INTERNAL AUDITOR', 'MARINE SALES', 'OPERATIONS MANAGER', 'MANAGERS', 'U.S. COMPANY WANTS MARKETING MANAGER-EUROPE', and 'SALES MANAGER VICE-PRESIDENT'.

Value Line Invites You To Join its Subscribers

Advertisement for Value Line investment service, highlighting a 49% saving and offering a 3-month introductory subscription.

INTERNATIONAL MARKETING MANAGER

Advertisement for an International Marketing Manager position, offering a salary of \$25,000 up and requiring a degree in marketing.

SALES MANAGER VICE-PRESIDENT

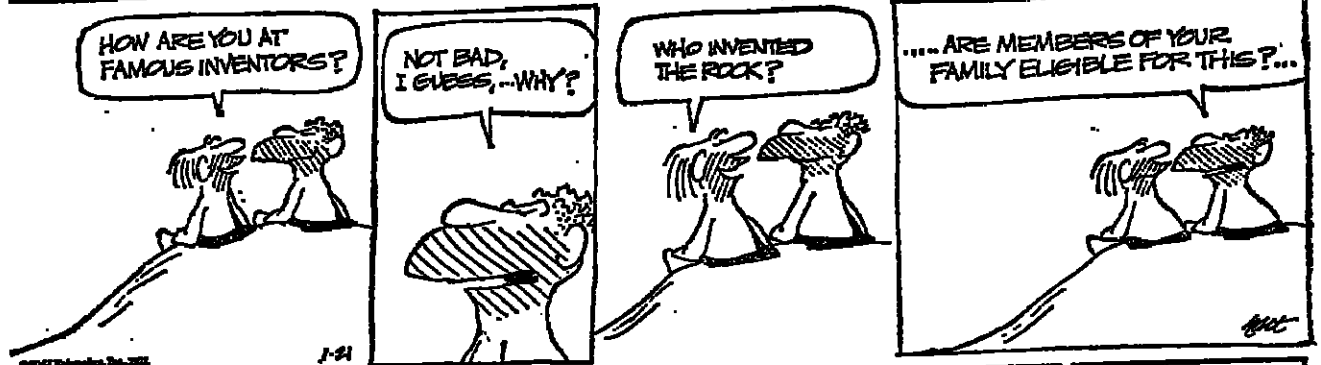
Advertisement for a Sales Manager Vice-President position, offering an unusual opportunity and a salary of \$30,015.



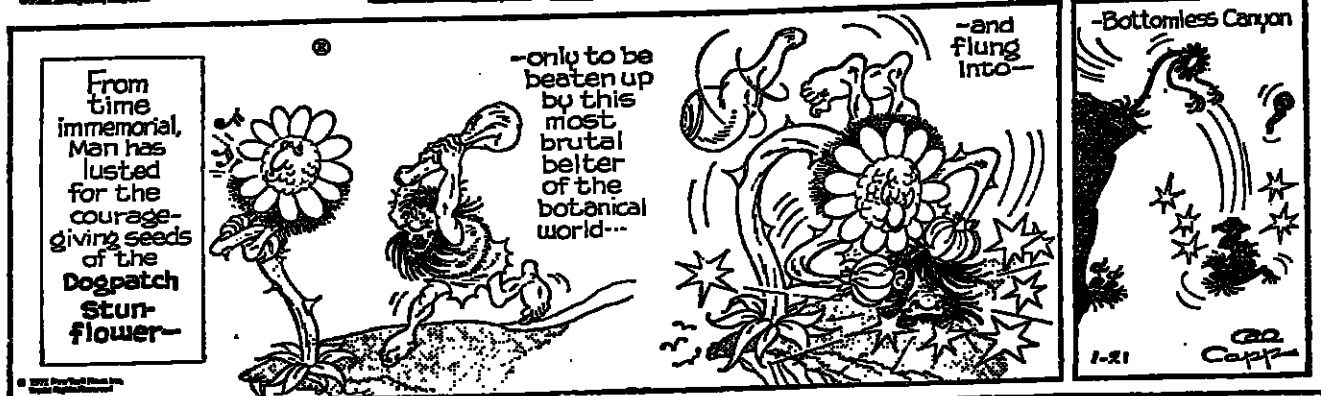
PEANUTS



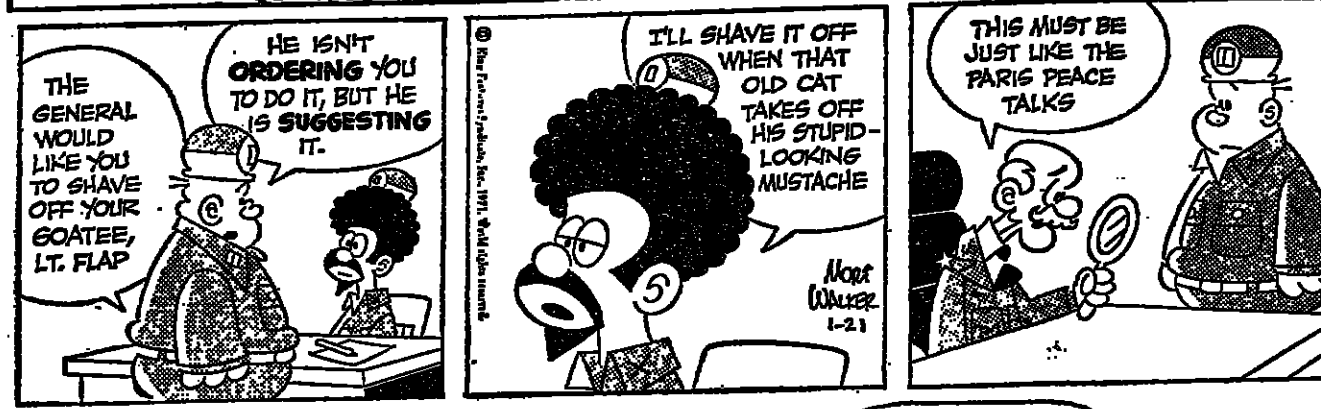
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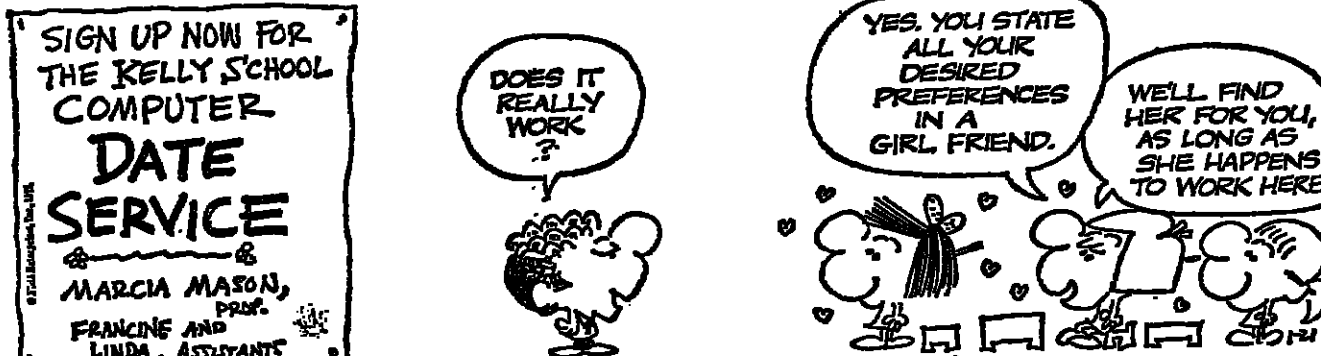
LIL ABNER



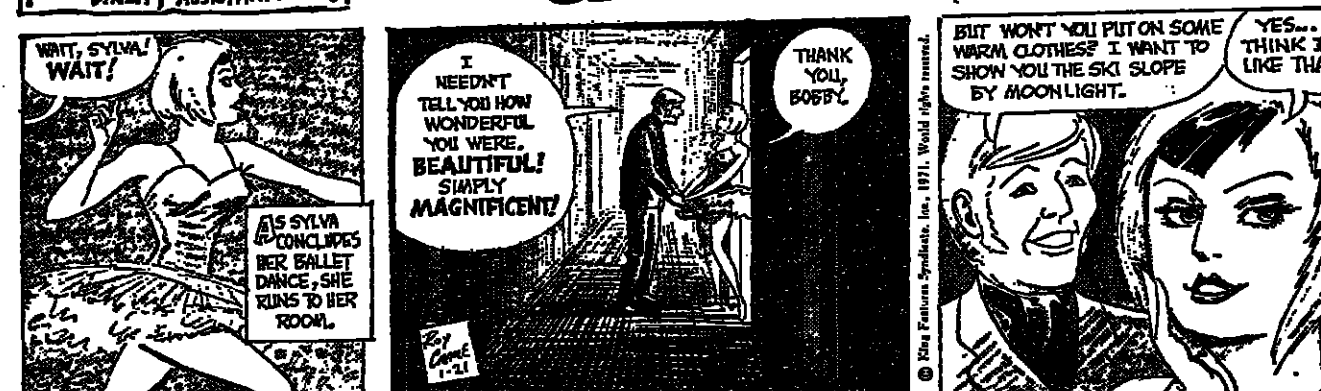
BEE TLE BAILEY



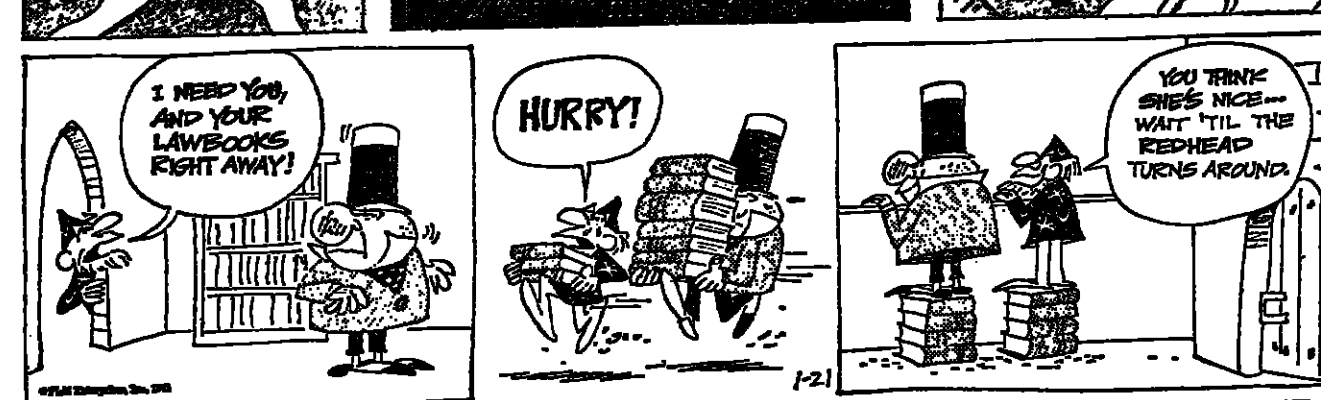
MISS PEACH



BUZ SAWYER



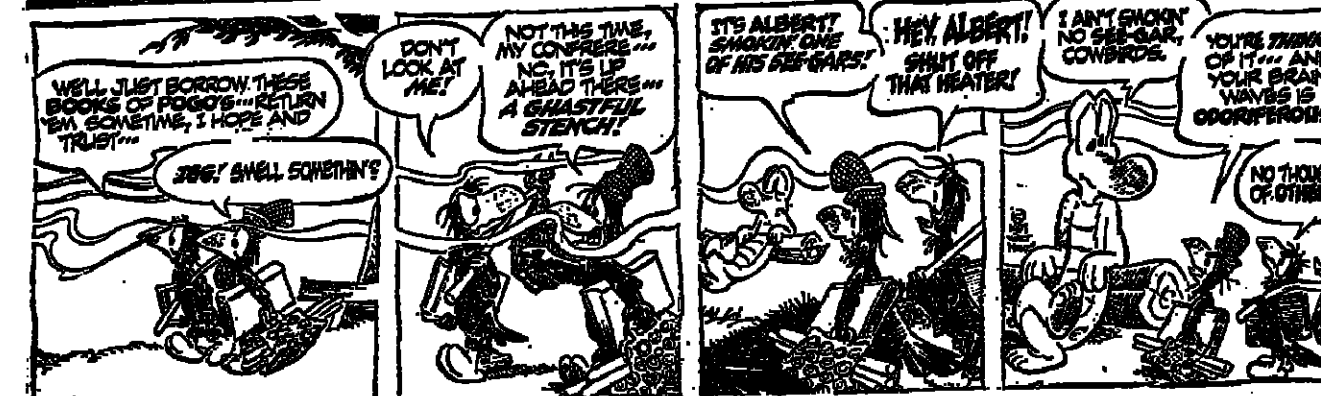
WIZARD of ID



REX MORGAN M.D.



POGO



RIP KIRBY



BLONDIE



BRIDGE

By Alan Truscott

An appetizer provided before a main meal is often called a "canapé," and this name is appropriately given by many European players to the idea of bidding a short suit before a long one.

If the opening bid in the shorter suit strikes a fit in partner's hand the longer suit may never be bid at all. It will then remain as a concealed surprise for the opponents in the play of the hand. This happened on the diagrammed deal.

South chose to open one spade, the shorter suit, and the club suit remained hidden. It can be seen that the spade claim is a borderline proposition; a bad break in one of the black suits will be inconvenient and perhaps fatal.

The declarer won the opening trump lead in his hand and led the heart queen. East won with the ace and led a second trump, taken by the declarer's queen.

South cashed the club ace, ruffed a low club in dummy, discarded a low diamond on the heart king and entered his hand with a diamond lead to the king. He led another low club and ruffed with the spade king. East's discard of a diamond revealed the bad club distribu-

tion and left the declarer searching for a 13th trick. He ruffed a heart and reached this position:

Bridge hand diagram showing North, South, West, and East cards.

The lead of the spade ace followed by the club king forced West to surrender. He could not guard the two red suits. As long as West held the heart jack the squeeze was certain to work. If East had held the diamond stopper he would have been forced to unguard one of the minor suits.

Bridge hand diagram showing North, South, West, and East cards.

Solution to Previous Puzzle

Crossword puzzle solution grid.

Neither side was vulnerable. The bidding: North East South West 3 Pass Pass 4 N.T. Pass 5 Pass 6 Pass Pass Pass West led the spade three.

DENNIS THE MENACE



JUMBLE - that scrambled word game

Jumble word game section with scrambled words and a cartoon illustration.

BOOKS

FREDERICK THE GREAT

By Nancy Mitford. Illustrated. Harper & Row. 304 pp. Reviewed by Richard Freedman

IN APRIL 1945, the Russian Army was pouring into the outskirts of Berlin while Hitler sat hunkered in his bunker listening to Dr. Goebbels's no doubt eloquent reading of Carlyle's monstrous "History of Frederick the Great." The Führer, we are told, took part in the analogous position Frederick had been in during the Seven Years' War, when things were going so badly for Prussia that he threatened to take poison. As by a miracle, however, Tsarina Elizabeth of Russia suddenly died, and the allies crumbled.

Encouraged by his court astrologers, Hitler decided that a similar event would pull him out of the fire, and sure enough Roosevelt promptly died. But this time the allies didn't collect. Perhaps the last lesson Hitler learned was the danger of drawing glib parallels from history.

For no two German sovereigns could have been more unlike. A lifetime Francophile, Frederick "loathed that reminded him of it," but conversed and wrote in French, hardly ever uttering a word of German. Although he was indeed a great and courageous soldier, his true greatness lay in his history of war, which he tried to avoid whenever possible, on the wise theory that wars seldom end when you want them to.

He considered that "mixed races produced intelligent people," and did everything in his considerable power to "mongrelize" through immigration depopulated Prussia after the Seven Years' War. He befriended Voltaire and the philosopher was "fanatical on the subject of freedom of expression," abolished the torturing of prisoners and practically abolished capital punishment altogether, and was generally such a bleeding heart that he never used spurs while horseback riding. "Try sticking a fork into your naked stomach and you will soon see why," was his un-Enlightenment explanation for this eccentricity.

Small wonder that Voltaire used to address him as "Your Humanity." Above all things, Frederick enjoyed playing the flute (until most of his teeth fell out), and composed hundreds of quite professional sonatas for that instrument. One of his favorite courtiers was Johann Joachim Quantz, the Paganini of the flute, who would cough discreetly when the king blew a blooper. And on one glorious evening in 1747, the recently built palace of Sans Souci resounded to Bach's Improvisation on a theme provided by Frederick, a theme which Bach then transformed into the "Musical Offering," which alone would justify and glorify any reign.

How a man of such intelligence and sensibility managed to transform Prussia from a country of woebegone little states into a power henceforth to be reckoned with is the fascinating story Miss Mitford has to tell in a book as elegant as the music room at Sans Souci. In the same lavish format as her earlier studies of Louis XIV and Madame de Pompadour, "Frederick the Great" is the ideal book for people who want to know something about Frederick, but not too much (Carlyle runs to eight volumes of turgid Ultimate

Best Seller

The New York Times Analysis based on reports more than 125 bookstores in 46 cities. Figures in circles do not necessarily represent consecutive weeks on the list.

Best Seller list table with columns for Rank, Title, Author, and Weeks on List.

CROSSWORD - By Will W.

Crossword puzzle grid with clues for Across and Down.

Handwritten Arabic text at the bottom of the page.



In Boring Contest

NHL's West Stars Slip By East, 2-1

By Gerald Ekenazi

BOSTON, Jan. 20 (NYT)—In game so lacking in excitement as to arouse play that one fan noted "It's the Super Bowl on ice," the West Division gained its first victory over the East, 2-1, at night in the National Hockey League's all-star contest.

Despite the war cries and roars for West blood by the game's most boisterous fans, who regularly fill Boston Garden to a 14,994 capacity, the powerful (on paper) forces from the East overhauled the West.

Cavaliers Expand Victory Column Against Braves

SYRACUSE, N.Y., Jan. 20.—The Cleveland Cavaliers won their seventh game—and fifth against Buffalo—of the National Basketball Association season last night when they defeated the Braves, 117-99.

The Braves, like the Cavaliers a 1970 expansion team, finished with the lowest score of this season.

John Johnson, with 24 points, and Mike Smith with 22, led the Cavaliers, who stormed to a 17-point first-quarter lead.

The Cavaliers increased their lead to 58-36 by the half, keeping to the margin the rest of the way and led by as many as 34 points. Cleveland has 45 losses.

NBA Results
Tuesday's Games
New York 117, San Diego 114 (Ernie Carter 25, Elgin Baylor 27, Willis Reed 22, Walt Frazier 21, Tom Van Arman 17, Elgin Baylor 27, Willis Reed 22, Walt Frazier 21, Tom Van Arman 17)

ABA Results
Tuesday's Games
Pittsburgh 128, Carolina 125 (Charles Thompson 22, James Silas 20, Caldwell Jones 17, Elgin Baylor 27, Willis Reed 22, Walt Frazier 21, Tom Van Arman 17)

College Basketball
Harvard 87, Dartmouth 77
Northwestern 82, Michigan 71
Iowa 81, 80, Iowa State 77
Arizona 78, Washington 72
Purdue 78, Kansas 77
Cincinnati 77, Michigan State 77
Cleveland 77, Indiana 77
Cleveland 77, Indiana 77

Then, in 1972 Super Bowl (Maybe): Jets vs. Lions
All-Star Game, Draft Next on NFL Agenda

By Arthur Daley
NEW YORK, Jan. 20 (NYT)—The Super Bowl is a memorable memory by now, but professional football builds up such restorable and enormous momentum these days that the game has not quite stopped rolling down the mountainside.

Football conversations will ease off, however, because are just not enough material to keep them going. But before that happens the more incoherent members of the rooting public—already have begun to

the infusions that keep teams alive. But no single choice of a particularly gifted collegian is going to put any club in the Super Bowl unless it is a team that's almost there already.

My candidates already have been picked although my reputation as a prophet was denied by the Colts, who picked three players who had selected them to lose by that margin. Nor was splash helped at Miami Beach a couple of days ago when Muhammad Ali, stopping by for a visit with TV commentator Howie Cosell, shook hands with me and then mentioned my name.

That's why a long range forecast can be particularly silly. By most measurements, the Jets had looked to be a prime contender at this time last year. But the Blue Bombers tenants were snatched bit ahead from the Jets. The injury list kept increasing week after week and our count numbered 17 of the 49-man squad, who missed at least one game.

Mark Lomas, for instance, was a starter in all 14 games and there couldn't have been anything more unlikely than that in any of West's pre-season calculations. But Lomas was injured in the first game and then shifted to tackle when Philbin returned just as Steve Thompson caught the Blue Cross special. Because of the manifold hospitalizations, Westbank used 11-line for wouldn't have dreamed of risking in combat. With rare exceptions, all did well.

Even though the Jets won only four of 14 games, Westbank was smiling contentedly all during Super Bowl week. He knows he's headed.

The Detroit Lions really became straightened out this season after bumping along for far too long. When Joe Schmidt advanced to the head coach's job, he knew where all the bodies were buried. He rid himself of the clubhouse lawyers and malcontents, shut up others, and both traded and drafted extraordinarily well.

Greg Landry is a new, young quarterback, who may yet rank with the best. He played badly in the 5-0 playoff series defeat by the Cowboys but he is destined for better things, a big strong kid who is not afraid to run with the ball. He and the Lions should be much improved next season, although not as much as a healthy Jet team that could dart to the top.



United Press International. MARKED COURT—An official of the Lawn Tennis Association of Australia examines paint job done by anti-apartheid protesters at Kooyong Stadium, Melbourne, in protest at having South Africans participate in coming tournament.

Anti-Apartheid Protesters Rip Up Aussie Tennis Court

MELBOURNE, Jan. 20 (UPI)—Anti-apartheid protesters today dug up sections of three of the turf-ed center courts at Kooyong Stadium in protest against participation of two South African girls playing in the Victorian tennis championships.

The girls, Laura Roussou and Brenda Kirk, will compete in the tournament which begins Saturday.

The demonstrators poured oil, gasoline and paint over the courts and mutilated the courts with picks and shovels.

The demonstrators poured oil, gasoline and paint over the courts and mutilated the courts with picks and shovels.

Secretary of the Victorian Lawn Tennis Association Alex Atchison said the damage was very extensive.

"I can't think of anyone who could be so low as to do a thing like this," Atchison said.

He said he could not tell how whether the courts could be repaired in time for the titles.

The protesters painted slogans like "Smash Apartheid," "Smash Racism," around the backdrops of the courts.

In Sydney last week, protesters booed and jeered Kirk and Roussou during the New South Wales titles.

They threatened to dig up the center court at White City, but armed guards patrolled the area with German shepherd dogs.

Ashe Set for 'Pro' Debut

By Steve Cady
NEW YORK, Jan. 20 (NYT)—"I'm fairly eager," said Arthur Ashe, "if that counts for anything. The mental aspect, between now and Thursday, I'll go easy on the pie and cake. We'll see what happens."

Ashe slumped into a sofa early this week in the lounge overlooking the indoor tennis courts at the Vanderbilt International Racquet Club here. Through the picture window, he could see Rod Laver rallying patiently with television's Johnny Carson.

"Rocket better watch out," said Ashe. "Carson's got very sharp wrists. Good footwork, too."

Tomorrow night at Madison Square Garden, Ashe makes his debut as a contract pro. He will try to do what four other contract pros have failed to do so far in the \$210,000 Tennis Champions Classic—beat Laver. Since Jan. 2, when the winner-take-all series began, the left-handed Australian has taken four \$10,000 matches for a quick \$40,000 get-away.

Laver has knocked out, in order, Ken Rosewall, John Newcombe, Tony Roche and Roy Emerson. Should he remain King of the Hill to the end of the nine-player, 14-match series, he would earn \$170,000.

"It's a challenge," said Ashe. "American players are more money-conscious. I guess it's our culture. Americans look for money every waking hour." Ashe also said he won \$141,000 last year as an independent pro.

Ashe has not played since placing second in the Grand Prix Masters in Tokyo a month ago. However, he doesn't think the layoff will hurt his game.

"When I say I've been resting," he emphasized, "I don't mean I haven't been getting plenty of exercise. Rest means not playing tennis. That's mental rest. Of course, you don't know how you're going to react after a layoff."

To Extend World Cup Lead Miss Jacot Takes Downhill

SCHERONS, Austria, Jan. 20.—Michelle Jacot of France forged further ahead in the women's World Cup ski standings when she won the opening downhill event of the classic "Golden Key" women's ski meet to continue France's domination of alpine ski honors this season.

Miss Jacot, 19, from Chamoni, hurtled down the 2,519 meter track with 27 gates over a drop of 620 meters in 2:01.54 to finish ahead of teammate Françoise Maechi, who was clocked 2:02.34.

Two Austrian girls, Wiltrud Drexel and Anne-Marie Froelich, placed third and fourth.

The French team also took the fifth and sixth ranks and placed a total of six girls among the top ten.

"It was a perfect run—I could not have raced better," said Miss Jacot after her victory. "I liked the course because it was rather like a giant slalom than a downhill."

Miss Jacot, who won the World Cup last year, increased her lead from 16 points to 37 by winning today's downhill. She now has 116 points.

WOMEN'S DOWNHILL
1. Michelle Jacot, France 2:01.54
2. Françoise Maechi, France 2:02.34
3. Wiltrud Drexel, Austria 2:02.54
4. Anne-Marie Froelich, Austria 2:03.24
5. Isabelle Mir, France 2:03.78
6. Annie Frensch, France 2:04.48
7. Marjorie Stener, France 2:04.59
8. Jacqueline Rouvier, France 2:04.59
9. Marjorie Stener, France 2:04.73
10. Ingrid Stener, Austria 2:05.28
11. Ingrid Stener, Austria 2:05.33
12. Roni Mittermeier, Austria 2:05.33

WOMEN'S CUP STANDINGS
1. Michelle Jacot, France 116
2. Austria 115
3. Françoise Maechi, France 85
4. Isabelle Mir, France 81
5. Wiltrud Drexel, Austria 54
6. Françoise Maechi, France 48
7. Françoise Maechi, France 48
8. Françoise Maechi, France 37
9. Françoise Maechi, France 37
10. Françoise Maechi, France 38

WOMEN (after nine events)
1. France 474
2. Austria 471
3. United States 38
4. Canada 38
5. West Germany 29
6. Britain 19
7. Spain 18
8. Switzerland 17
9. West Germany 17
10. United States 16
11. West Germany 15
12. Canada 14
13. Spain 14
14. Poland 14

WOMEN AND MEN (after 18 events)
1. France 797
2. Austria 797
3. Switzerland 797
4. United States 797
5. West Germany 797
6. West Germany 797
7. Canada 797
8. Spain 797
9. Poland 797
10. Poland 797

Hill Is Named As Lead Driver For Brabham

LONDON, Jan. 20 (Reuters).—Britain's Graham Hill, twice world champion driver, will lead the Brabham formula one team in the coming motor-racing season, taking over from Australian Jack Brabham, who retired last year.

Hill, world champion in 1962 and 1968, made a remarkable comeback to formula one racing last season after a bad crash in the 1969 United States Grand Prix appeared to have ended his career.

The 41-year-old Londoner broke both legs in the crash. Although still in pain, he drove in the South African Grand Prix, the opening event of last year's series, only five months after the crash.

While Porsche, Alpine and Lancia dominate the factory outsiders to be taken into account include Alfa Romeo, and Japan's Datsun which has former winner Finn Ronne, plus South African Ernie Wood, plus South African Ernie Wood, plus South African Ernie Wood.

The French drivers are headed by Jean-Pierre Nicolas, third last year, with veterans Robert Neyret, Jean-Claude Andruet and Jean Villotier, and newcomers Jean-Luc Therier, Bernard Darniche and Jean-Marie Jacquemin.

The Lancia attack is split, Italian Sergio Barbato and Sandro Munari starting from Marrakesh while Sweden's Harry Karlstrom with supported entries—all starting from Marrakesh on what could be a winning route if northern European weather turns bad. All the Alpine teams were French except for Sweden's Ove Andersson, with Briton David Stone, who navigated Porsche's 1968 victory.

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Renault Seeks Rally in Monte Carlo

MONTÉ CARLO, Jan. 20 (AP)—The 40th staging of the Monte Carlo rally starts Friday and the French Alpine Renault and Italian Lancia will be battling to end three years of German Porsche supremacy in the world's premier winter rally.

Weather conditions were generally mild throughout Europe for the more than 350 starters who converge on Monaco from nine European cities and Marrakesh, Morocco, but a forecast of snow in Yugoslavia threatened two favored teams.

The massive snow that threatened southern France into chaos during Christmas has disappeared. Porsche has abandoned the 911-S models which were invincible for three years to put its works drivers in the new 914-6 models—the mid-engine sports cars known as the "Volksports" because of the company's link with Volkswagen. The change gave new hope to rivals Alpine-Renault and Lancia, with the French cars given a slight edge.

Bjorn Waldegard of Sweden will handle one of the 914-6 Porsches. Waldegard won the rally the last two years and could score the first triple ever in the event.

He will be backed by France's Gérard Larrousse, second last year, and Sweden's Ake Andersson. All will start from Warsaw.

Alpine-Renault is launching a mass attack on Porsche this year with six works cars and two works-

supported entries—all starting from Marrakesh on what could be a winning route if northern European weather turns bad. All the Alpine teams were French except for Sweden's Ove Andersson, with Briton David Stone, who navigated Porsche's 1968 victory.

The French drivers are headed by Jean-Pierre Nicolas, third last year, with veterans Robert Neyret, Jean-Claude Andruet and Jean Villotier, and newcomers Jean-Luc Therier, Bernard Darniche and Jean-Marie Jacquemin.

The Lancia attack is split, Italian Sergio Barbato and Sandro Munari starting from Marrakesh while Sweden's Harry Karlstrom with supported entries—all starting from Marrakesh on what could be a winning route if northern European weather turns bad. All the Alpine teams were French except for Sweden's Ove Andersson, with Briton David Stone, who navigated Porsche's 1968 victory.

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Art Buchwald

It's All a Gamble

WASHINGTON.—As the cities and states keep going broke, more and more politicians are suggesting legalized gambling as the solution to our financial woes.



Buchwald

New York State started with a lottery. New York City then came up with off-track betting, and a few weeks ago someone suggested that gambling casinos be permitted as a method of raising revenues.

If New York solves its problems through gambling, every state in the union is going to follow suit except Nevada, which will probably succeed from the nation in a snid.

Even the federal government may decide that legalized gambling is the only answer to its deficit, and it's possible in the near future that placing a bet will soon be considered the most patriotic thing an American can do.

It is not unlikely that in a few years the President of the United States will give the following "State of the Union" speech:

"My Fellow Americans, I am happy to report to you tonight that for the first time in modern American history the United States has a surplus of 35 billion dollars in the Treasury.

"The new Postmaster General, Nick the Green, has just revealed to me that the crap tables we installed in the land not only wiped out the postal deficit.

U.K. Experts Find Maxia a Hazard

KENILWORTH, England, Jan. 20 (UPI).—A committee of safety experts today urged a law forbidding Kenilworth girls to wear skirts less than six inches from the ground.

"I don't like the max skirt," committee member Charles Porter said. "I would far prefer to see a girl showing a bit of leg. But the committee are deadly serious about this," he said. "Maxi clothes are dangerous on the roads."

"I have had a couple of narrow escapes when young ladies have stumbled awkwardly in front of my car while trying to hurry across the road."

icit, but brought in a profit of 12 billion dollars.

"The Department of Commerce reports that betting on the World Series, the Super Bowl, and basketball games doubled from the previous year, and I am asking Congress for authority to keep government buildings open at night so more people can wager on dog races.

"The Department of Transportation reports that the slot machines we installed along all the federal highways are bringing back 50 percent return and this figure will improve as traffic keeps getting heavier and more drivers will have time to use the machines.

"For those people who prefer the outdoors, the Department of Interior has now placed black jack tables in all our national parks, where Americans can gamble to their hearts' content while enjoying the great scenic wonders of this country.

"The Secretary of the Treasury reports that more people are laying the numbers than ever before, and it is now possible for someone to win a billion dollars if he can come up with the exact figure of how many Treasury notes have been issued on the previous day.

"I am happy to report that the public rooms at the White House are now open to gambling. Howard Hughes has donated 15 roulette wheels to the recreation committee, and we have booked some of the best acts in the country including Frank Sinatra, Dean Martin and Sammy Davis Jr. to entertain in the East Room.

"I am also asking Congress to authorize funds to turn Cape Kennedy into a race track, as a peaceful method of phasing out our space program.

"As for foreign affairs, the State Department is now taking bets of six to five that we can come to some agreement with the Russians on nuclear disarmament.

"The Pentagon is giving two to one that we'll be out of Vietnam by 1983, and the CIA will bet anyone even money that there will not be a war in the Middle East.

"While your President is doing everything he can to help and domestically, he still needs the support of every American in this country.

"So, if you will all get out your cards, the Vice-President will now start reading the bingo numbers."



Jean-Claude Brialy as Verlaine.

Brialy's 15th Anniversary as an Actor

PARIS.—The tempestuous story of Rimbaud and Verlaine, the Max and Moritz of French poetry, is now being filmed by the Italian director-poet Nelo Risi with the English actor Terence Stamp as Rimbaud and French actor Jean-Claude Brialy as Verlaine. The film is called "Une Saison en Enfer" (A Season in Hell), after Rimbaud's title for the last poem he wrote, at the age of 19.

Locations have included the pretty town of Senlis outside Paris, which is standing in for Rimbaud's dreary birthplace, Charleville; Paris, which is standing in for London; and Rome for the interior shots. The company is now in Ethiopia, where Rimbaud spent his last years of hell as a merchant, gun runner and slave trader, returning to France to die at the age of 37 in 1891.

Jean-Claude Brialy, left behind in the casual lux of his Paris apartment, since Verlaine never went to Ethiopia, believes that the film will throw new light on Verlaine. "He was a great poet, everyone knows that, who led a scandalous life, and everyone knows that. What people don't know is that when he met Rimbaud he was only 27."

Brialy, 35, says Verlaine was short and stocky, balding, with a red beard. Brialy, who has dyed his dark hair and beard ginger, says, "Physically, Verlaine was nothing like me." Brialy is known for his rather formal elegance—"It's my style," he says. "If I wore a cap and sweater like Belmondo, I'd look ridiculous."

Familiar as he is to foreign audiences, Jean-Claude Brialy had neither the charisma of the young Belmondo nor the beauty of the young Delon to make him internationally remarkable. Hailed in

France at the start of his career as "the new Cary Grant," he turned out not to be. But he is his generation's most polished screen comedian, and has made 40 films in 15 years, turning in an especially fine performance in his latest film, Eric Rohmer's subtle moral tale, "Le Genou de Claire."

"I am delighted to celebrate my 15th jubilee as an actor with two good films — 'Claire' and 'Une Saison en Enfer,'" he says.

Mary Blume

he says. He feels that with age his range will broaden. In the meantime a fair amount of dreary commercial films and a highly publicized worldliness have left the public indifferent and the film bids disappointed.

"We were interested in Brialy in the early Charol films," one of the younger critics says, "but now he's just someone who owns a restaurant and knows everyone."

Acknowledging the fact he has made many commercial films, Brialy sensibly notes, "An actor who doesn't work's unemployed. If he's unemployed, he's suspect. You can't plan a career, it's full of imponderables. When a film does well, they credit the director. When it's a flop they blame the star."

"When I meet people like Fellini, Visconti and Losey, I tell them I would work for them for nothing," Brialy added. "They never ask me to."

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"I am delighted to celebrate my 15th jubilee as an actor with two good films — 'Claire' and 'Une Saison en Enfer,'" he says.

"I am closest to Truffaut, who had not only great intelligence but also a lot of heart. Chabrol was brilliant and caustic. Doing exercises de style. For me the great talent was Truffaut and the genius was Godard—he was the Rimbaud of the cinema. He was even ahead of the nouvelle vague."

It was Truffaut who predicted that Brialy would become the new Cary Grant, but the nouvelle vague wasn't making Cary Grant pictures. Instead, Brialy played in Charol's historic first films, "Le Beau Serge" and "Les Cousins." The next year, 1961, he was in Godard's "Une Femme Est une Femme."

Mindful of the catastrophic American films of Jeanne Moreau and Alain Delon, Jean-Claude Brialy has no plans to work for Hollywood, though he says, "If Cukor or Willis asked me to do anything, I would fall on my knees."

He has made only one trip to Hollywood as a tourist. He did not see Cary Grant, but "I visited the Boulevard du Crépuscule (Sunset Boulevard) and the monument with the footprints. And I left a bouquet at the grave of Marilyn Monroe. You may find this sentimental, but she was the one I loved most."

PEOPLE: Notes From the Far Side



The above picture, like an amoeba's great-granddaughter, is a reproduction of a reproduction, a Stei-nian procedure necessary to preserve the purity of intent of the author of the below letter:

"A friend of mine once said, 'It is a good feeling to be the writer's best at something, even if it isn't something great.' I wrote John Dwyer of Wuppertal, West Germany. 'I am the world's best drawer of moustaches on printed photographs. The true moustache artist takes account of his subject's personality as well as his facial structure and expression. Resistant to simplification of expression and adherence to traditional moustache form are distinguishing marks of the true craftsman, as opposed to the mere vandal, but the single fixed rule is: use only a ball-point pen. Enclosed is a sample of my work. Would anyone care to contest my claim to supremacy?'"

Setting us up for the week was the confession of Robert L. McGee, who teaches English in Roma, that "I enjoy your column very much and sometimes refer to it in class." Just how set up we were, too, became increasingly evident with the personal of Bob's enclosure, titled "Rules for Aspiring Authors":

- 1. Don't use no double negatives.
2. Make each pronoun agree with their antecedent.
3. Join clauses good, like a conjunction should.
4. About them sentence fragments.
5. When dangling, watch your particles.
6. Verbs has to agree with their subjects.
7. Just between you and I, case is important too.
8. Don't write run on sentences they are hard to read.
9. Don't use commas, which aren't needed.
10. Try not to ever split infinitives.
11. It's important to use apostrophe's right.

12. Proofread your writing to see if you own words out.
13. Correct spelling is essential.
14. A preposition is a bad word to end a sentence with.
15. All generalizations are usually false all the time.

Ever since Douglas McKay was kind enough to mail to his personal copy dated "Sunday, November 14, 1970," we've felt a little out of step with the Beirut Daily Star. Catherine L. Hoye's clipping from a later edition of the same newspaper, however, got us back on the same wavelength, stressing as it does the inherent heuristic consequences of unconditional surrender to Women's Lib. The latter part of the article concerns the "rescue" of a couple of kids who were "trickling happily" with a story from a local zoo. The lead paragraph though, should give pause to the most liberal of husbands: "INTRA. ALA. (AP)—A 10-year-old boy was badly mauled here Friday by a woman who escaped from her kitchen."

Pursuant to ancient origins of current expressions, Sasha Jennings, of Geneva, has me carded the following: "Prof. sex Schickgruber, the famous one upman, decided to keep a praying mantis as a pet. Bel., informed by an entomologist on the faculty that the natural habitat of such an insect was a compost heap, he instructed it on an appropriate pile in his garden, and even arranged weekly prayer meetings to keep it happy. The insect, however, kept trying to escape from the garden. At length, Schickgruber consulted an entomologist, who failed to provide any satisfactory explanation. In despair, the professor turned to an entomologist, who suggested that his birdcage had been invaded with the insect. 'There's nothing to be done,' he said. 'You see, fear is rather unbalanced mentally. To put it bluntly, sir, it's a non-compost mantis.' —DICK ROBARACK.

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